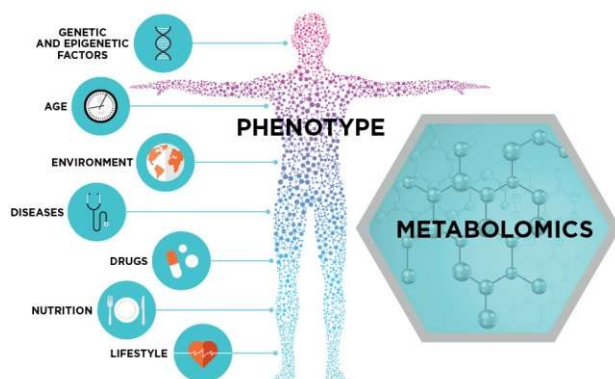


## SYNAPT™ XS: Metabolomics, Lipidomics and Proteomics

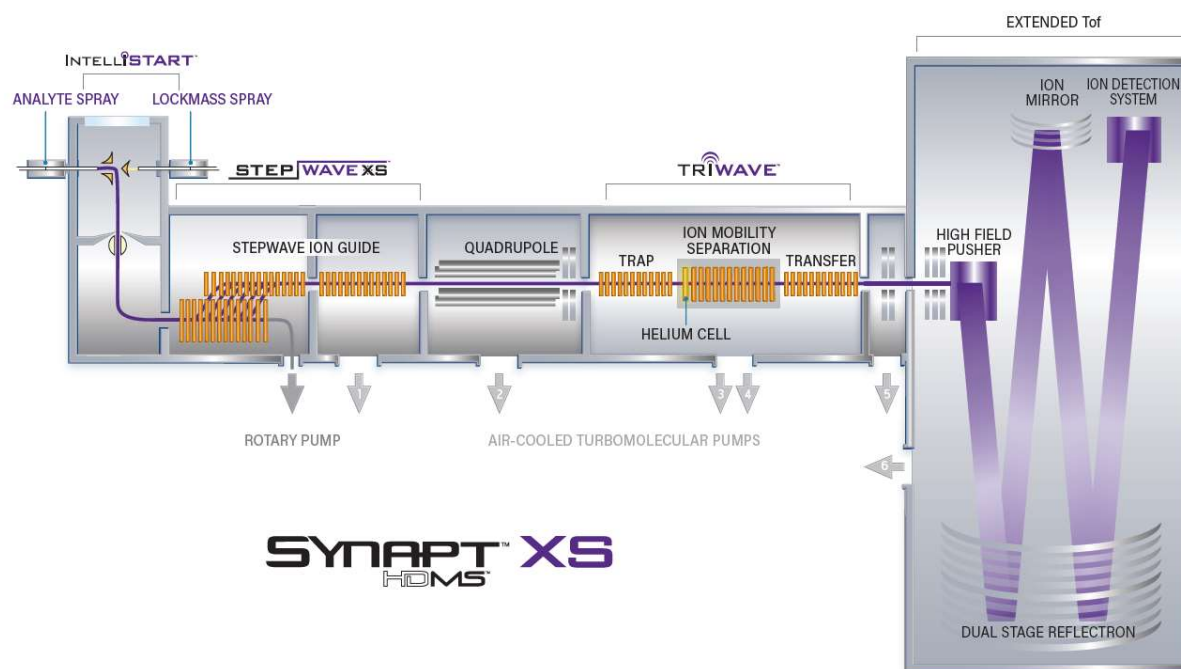
Robert Plumb, FRSC.

Director Omics Science, Scientific Operations



# SYNAPT XS

Waters  
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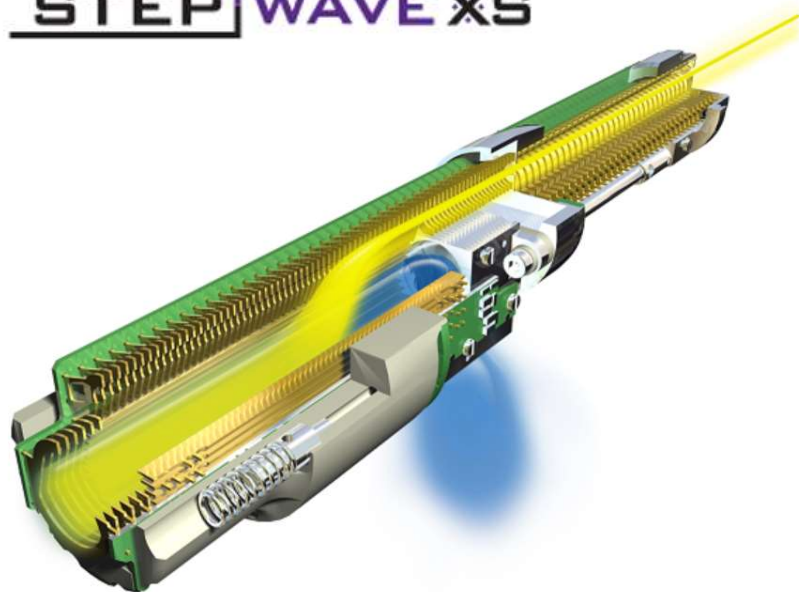


**SYNAPT™ XS**  
HIMS

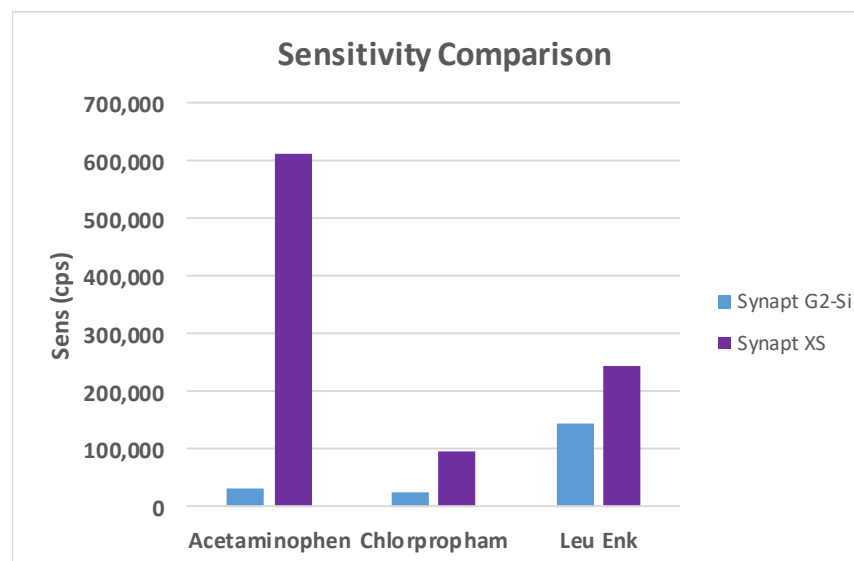
- >80K Resolution
- Labile compound transmission
- SONAR enabled
- Increased Sensitivity
- Flexibility, DESI, LC/MS, IMS

# Enhanced Performance: Stepwave XS

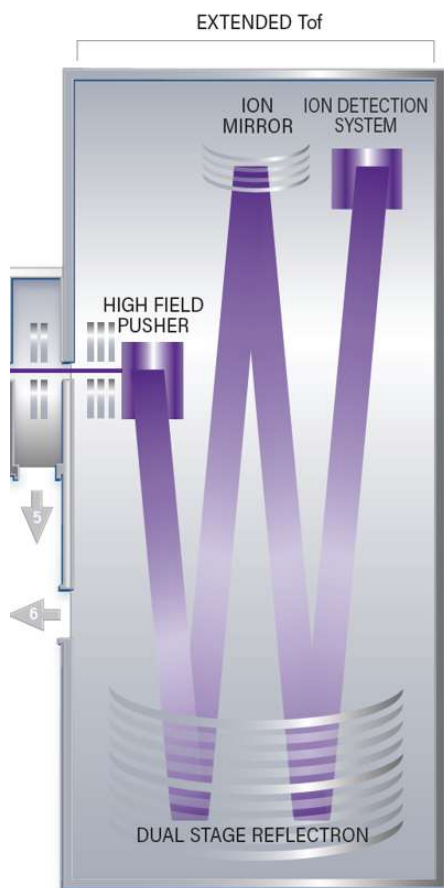
**STEP** **WAVE XS**



- Improved overall sensitivity
- Reproducible and reliable quantification
- Enhanced active ion transmission
- Neutrals and gas load removed

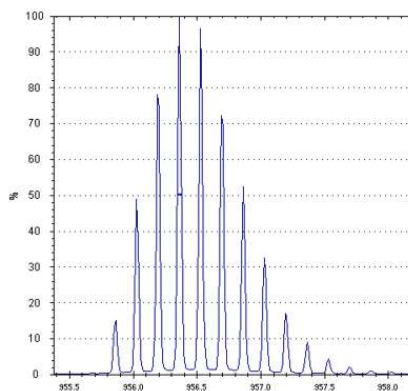


## Enhanced Performance: Extended Flight Tube

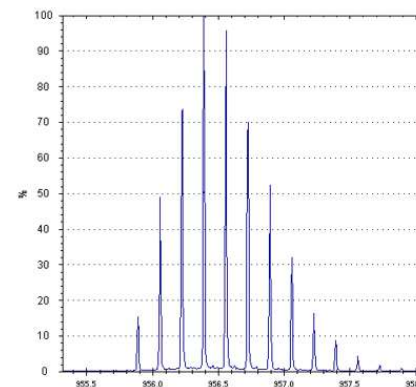


- Improved mass resolution in all modes of analysis
- Superior quantification and qualitative information
- Four modes of resolution to suit analytical needs
- Improved selectivity and more confident identification

Resolution Mode (V)



Enhanced Res Mode (W)



# Complementary Acquisition Strategies

## Unravel Sample Complexity

### HDMSE<sup>E</sup>

- Transmitting quadrupole
- Separation by size, shape and charge
- Resolution of isobaric species

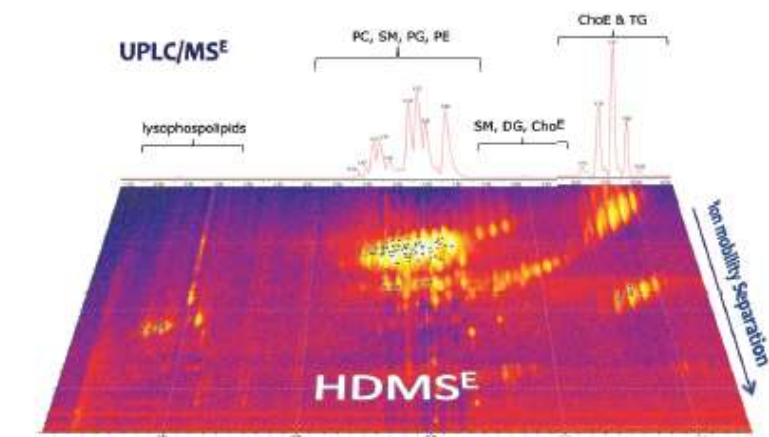
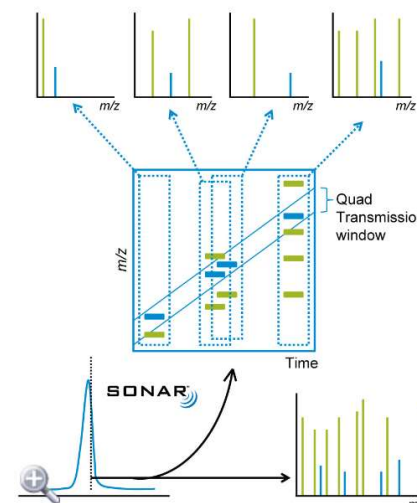


Figure 2. Increased peak capacity through the added dimension of Ion Mobility Separation.

### SONAR

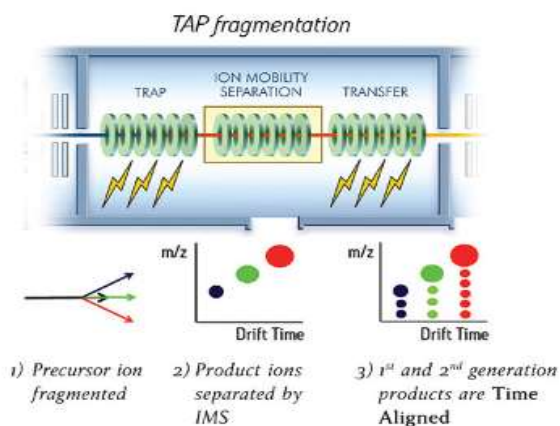
- Scanning quadrupole
- Separation by RT and  $m/z$
- Clean and clear fragmentation spectra



# SYNAPT XS is a Highly Flexible Platform

## Meeting the Needs of the Modern Research Scientist

### Triwave IMS



### Acquisition Modes

- Fast-DDA
- HD-DDA
- ToF-MRM
- HD-MRM
- MS<sup>E</sup>
- HDMS<sup>E</sup>
- UDMSE<sup>E</sup>
- SONAR
- TAP
- ETD\*

\*option

### Options

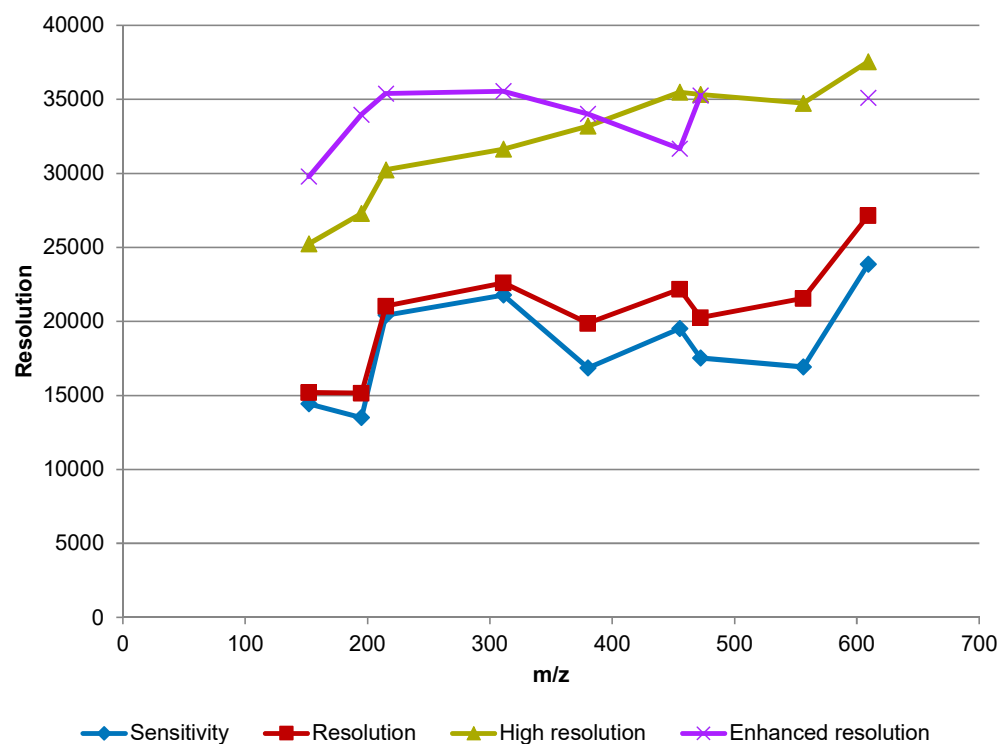
- UPLC
- nano/micro UPLC
- UPC<sup>2</sup>
- 2D-LC
- APGC
- HDX
- DESI
- MALDI
- REIMS
- ASAP
- UniSpray

## SYNAPT XS: Metabolomics

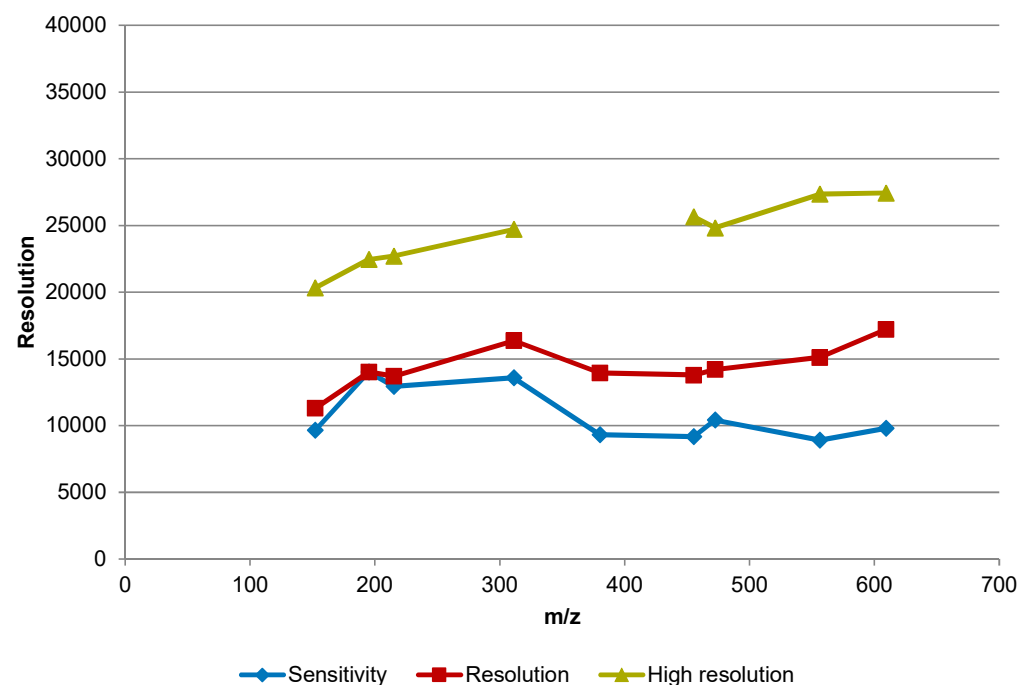
# Resolution Comparison – Positive Ion

LC-MS QC Mix compounds over different acquisition mode (XS vs. G2-Si)

**SYNAPT XS**



**SYNAPT G2-Si**





# Example Benefit Of Increased Resolution

## Verapamil MS spectra

Waters

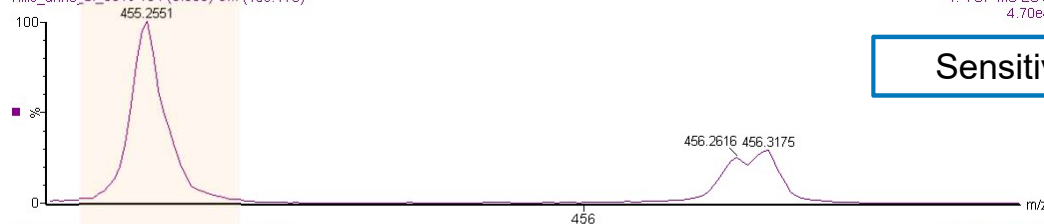
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SYNAPT G2-Si

SYNAPT G2-XS

Urine Prep 2 sens pos

HILIC\_urine\_SI\_001c 164 (0.650) Cm (159:178)



Sensitivity

Prep 2 - 2 Sens Pos

1: TOF MS ES+ 4.70e4 HILIC\_04June2019\_011 91 (0.523) Cm (91:96)



HILIC\_urine\_SI\_011 163 (0.645) Cm (163:172)

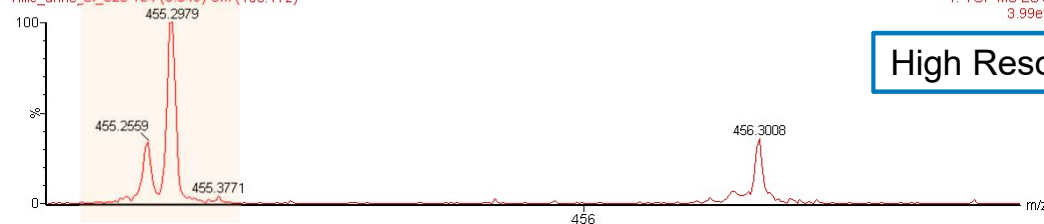


Resolution

1: TOF MS ES+ 4.47e4 HILIC\_04June2019\_021 132 (0.543) Cm (130:137)

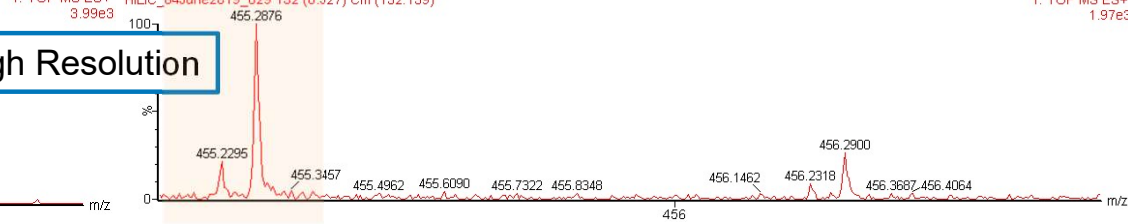


HILIC\_urine\_SI\_020 164 (0.649) Cm (158:172)



High Resolution

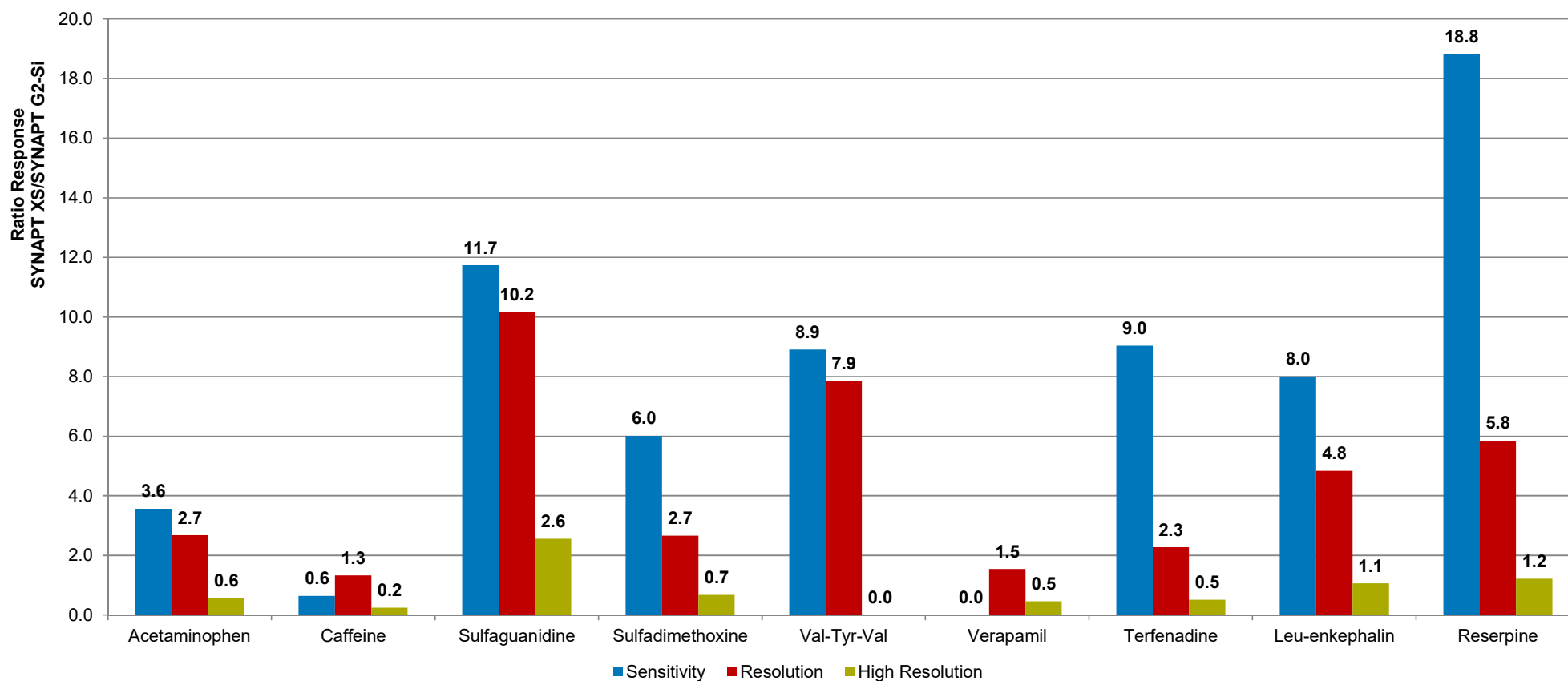
1: TOF MS ES+ 3.99e3 HILIC\_04June2019\_029 132 (0.527) Cm (132:139)



Resolution is sufficient on the SYNAPT-XS for all acquisition mode to separate Verapamil ( $m/z = 455.29$ ) from the additional component ( $m/z = 455.24$ ). On the SYNAPT G2-Si, these two species can only be separated in high resolution mode.

## Increase In Sensitivity

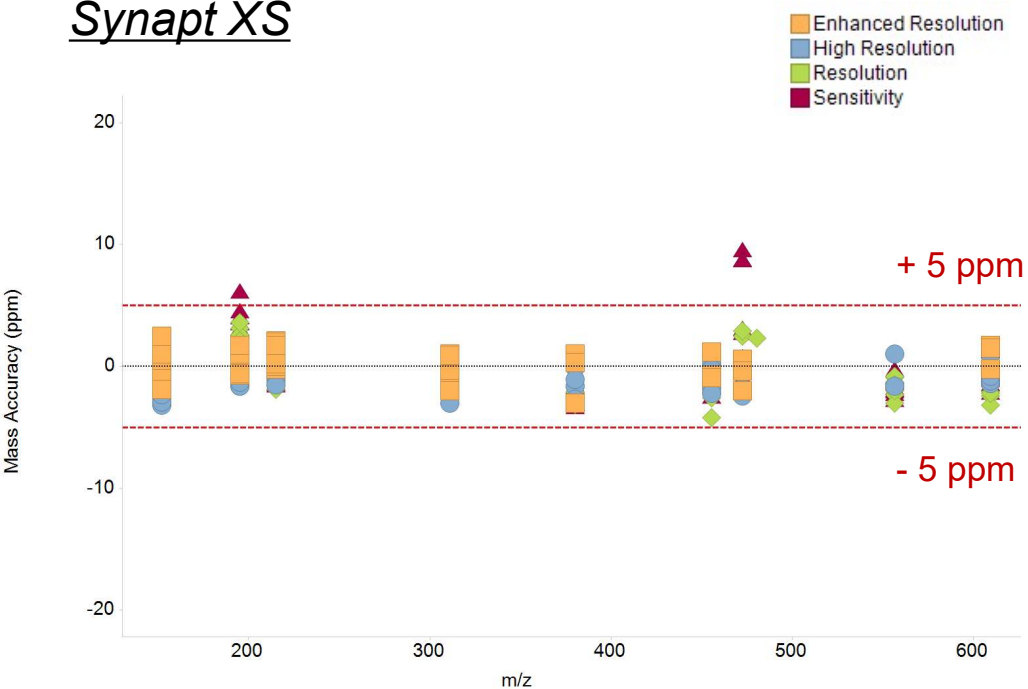
SYNAPT XS vs. SYNAPT G2-Si - Positive



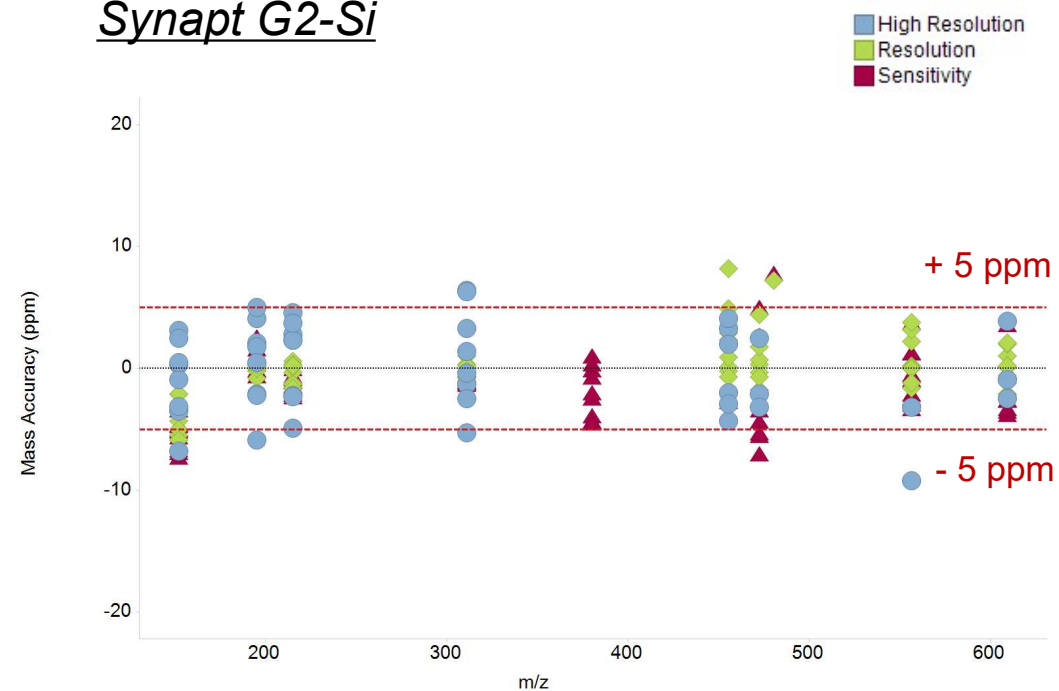
# Mass Accuracy

## LC-MS QC Mix compounds – Positive ion

### Synapt XS

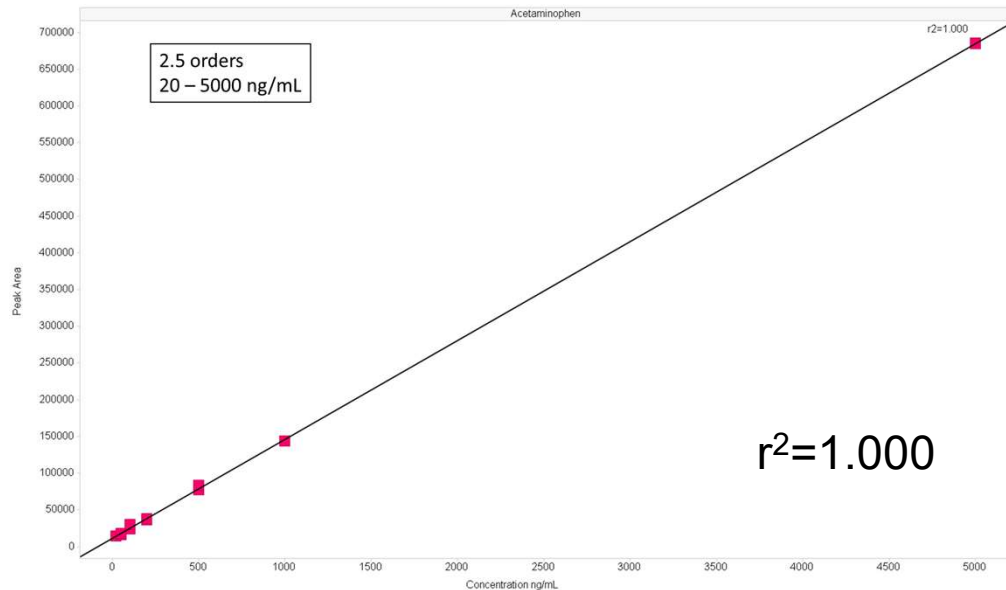


### Synapt G2-Si

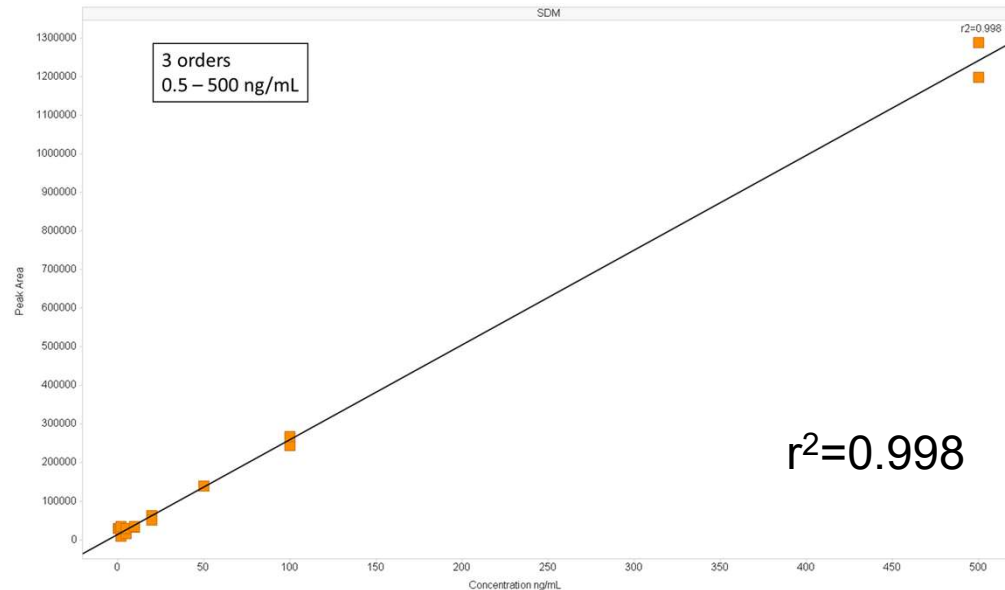


# Dynamic Range In MS<sup>e</sup> Mode

Acetaminophen



SDM



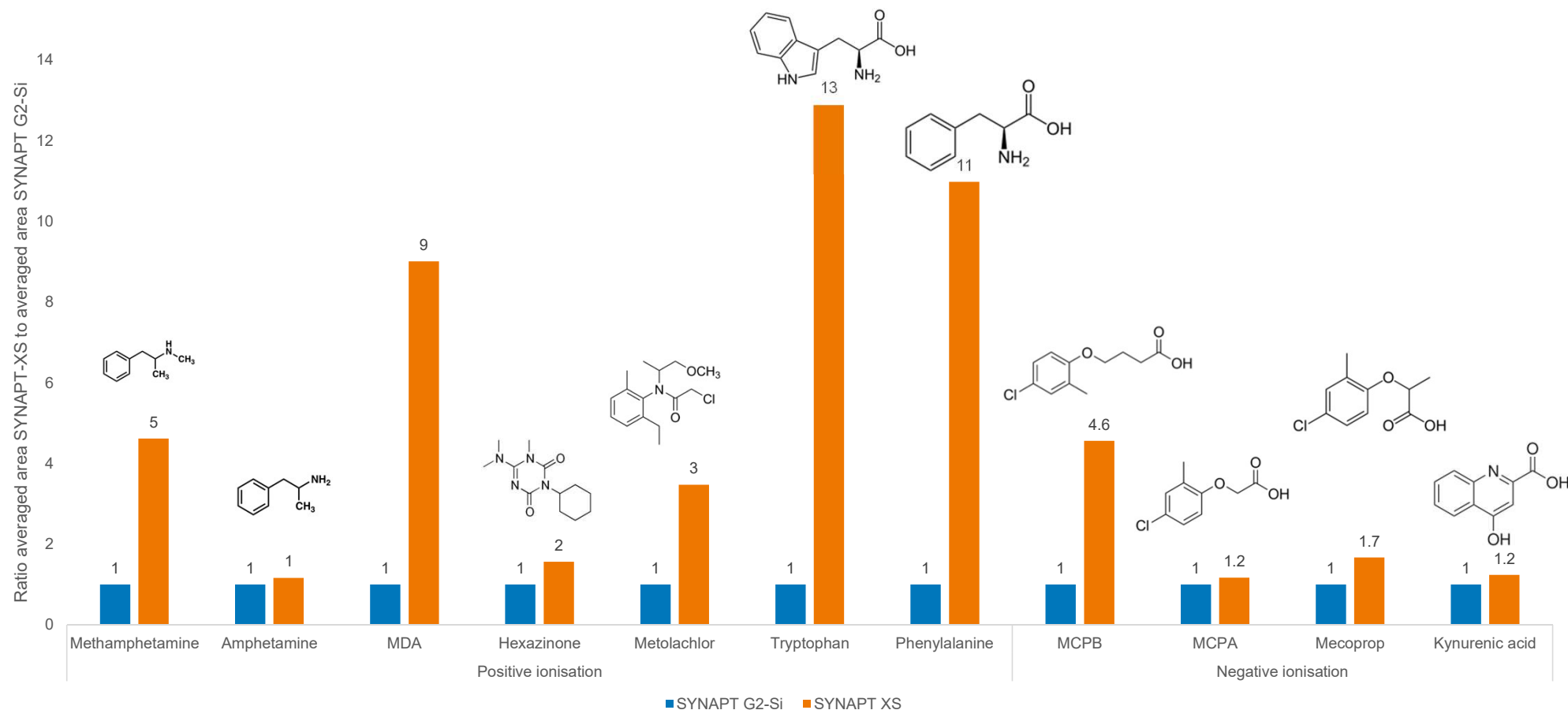
## *Transmission of labile species*

# Increase of sensitivity for labile compounds on the SYNAPT XS

Sensitivity SYNAPT XS vs. SYNAPT G2-Si

Waters

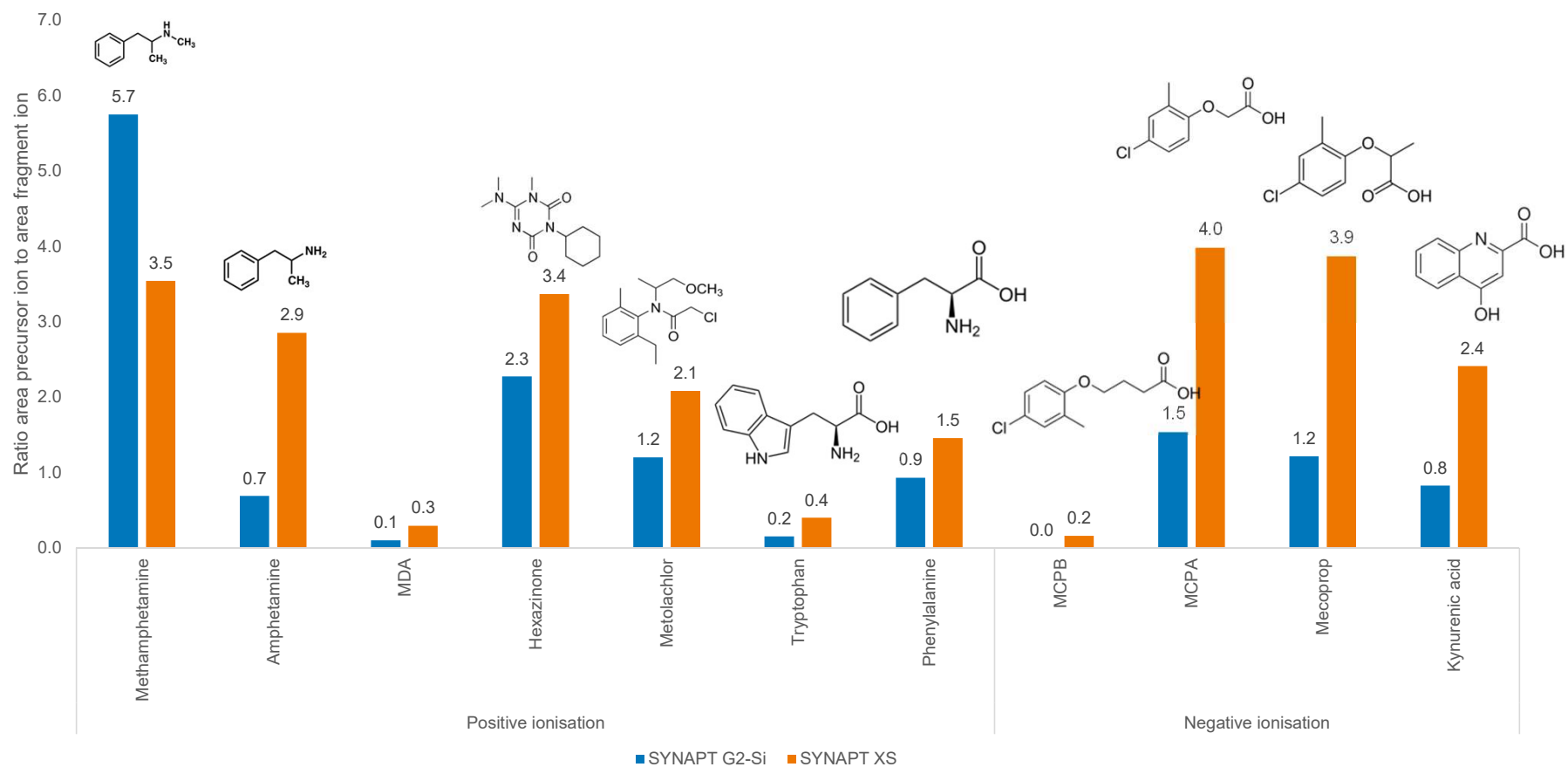
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# Decreased fragmentation of labile compounds on the SYNAPT-XS Waters

Ratio area precursor ion to area fragment ion on the SYNAPT XS vs. SYNAPT G2-Si

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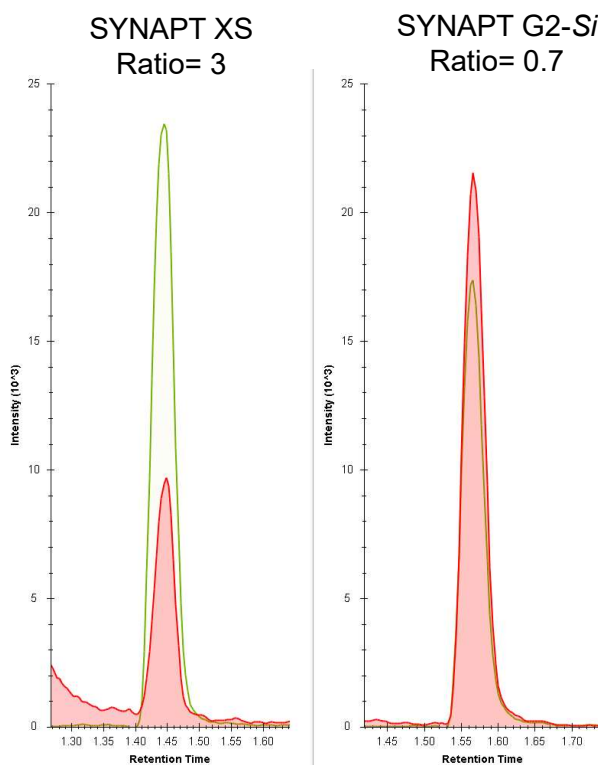
# Example chromatograms

Precursor ion area vs. fragment ion area on the SYNAPT XS and SYNAPT G2-Si

Waters

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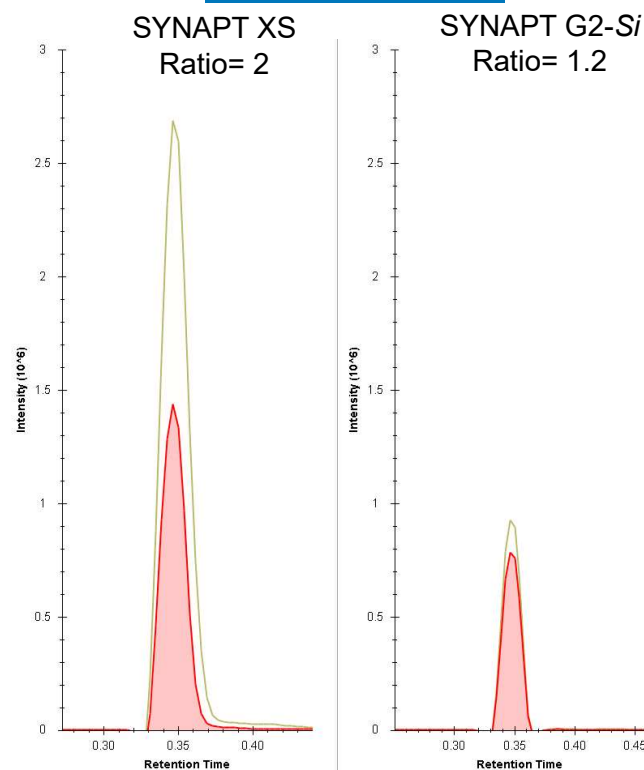
## Amphetamine



Fragment ( $m/z$  = 91.052)

Precursor ( $m/z$  = 136.1121)

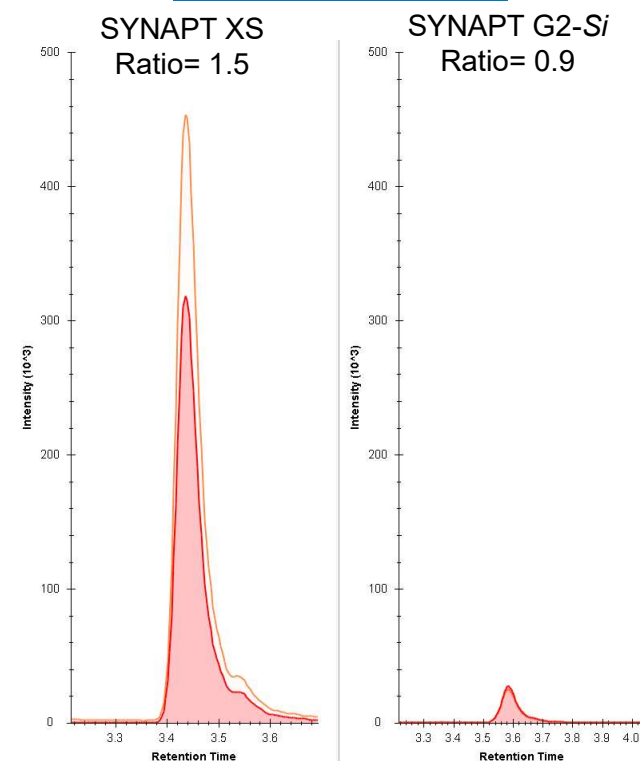
## Metolachlor



Fragment ( $m/z$  = 252.1150)

Precursor ( $m/z$  = 284.1412)

## Phenylalanine



Fragment ( $m/z$  = 120.0808)

Precursor ( $m/z$  = 166.0863)



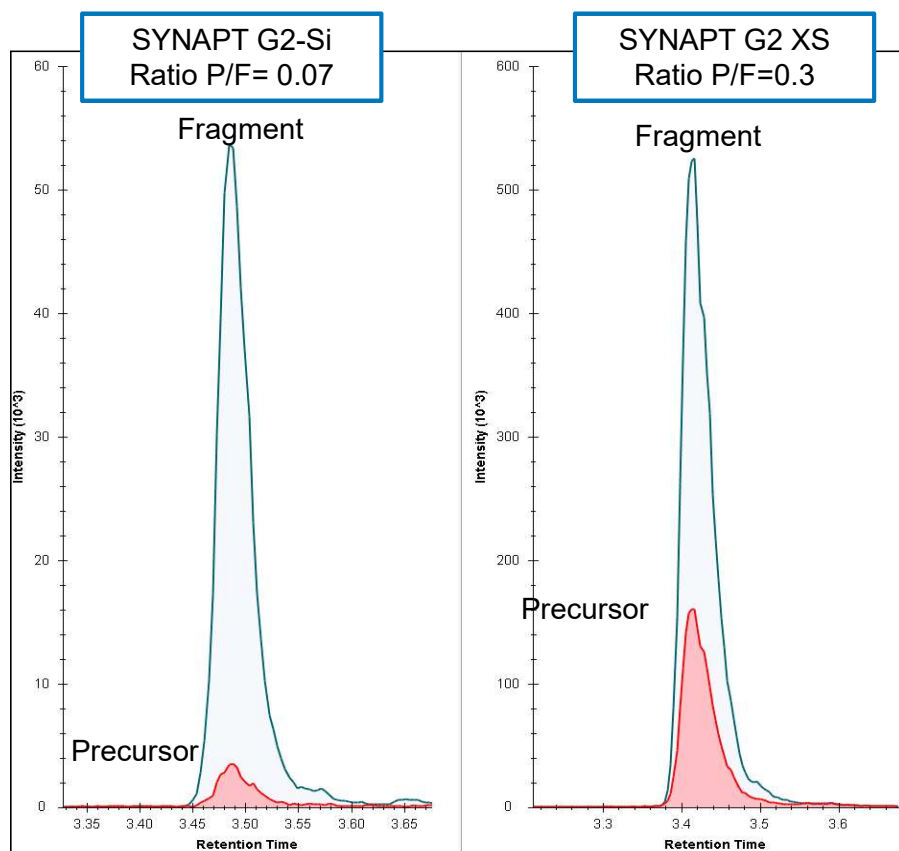
# Example labile compounds

Positive ionisation

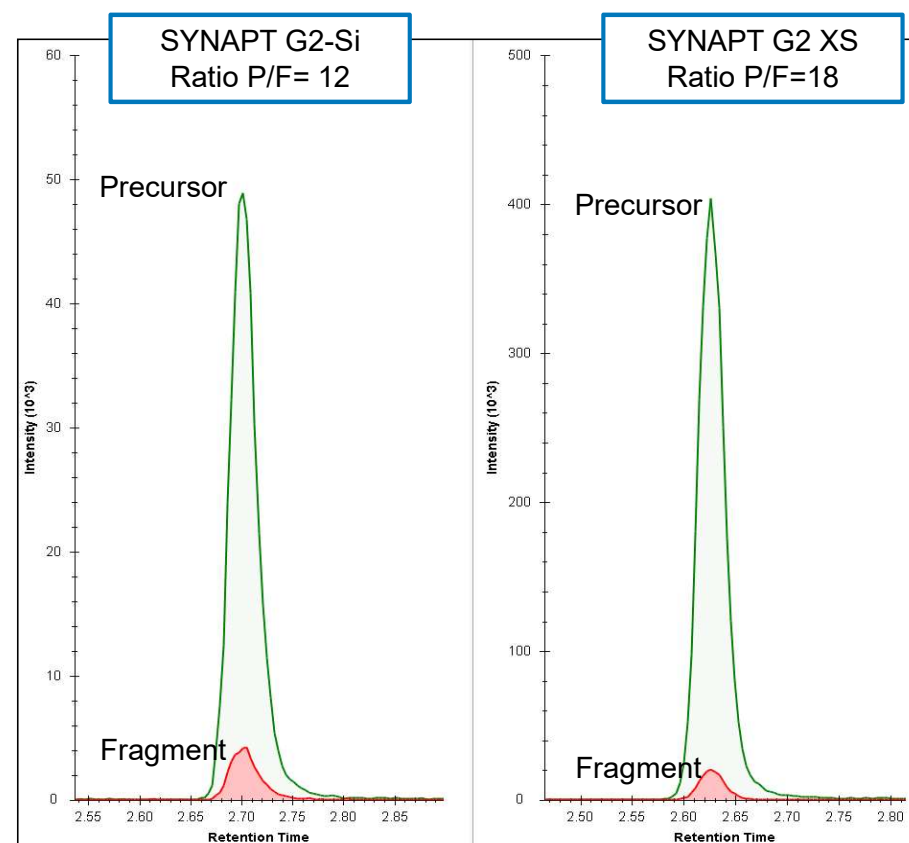
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## Tryptophan

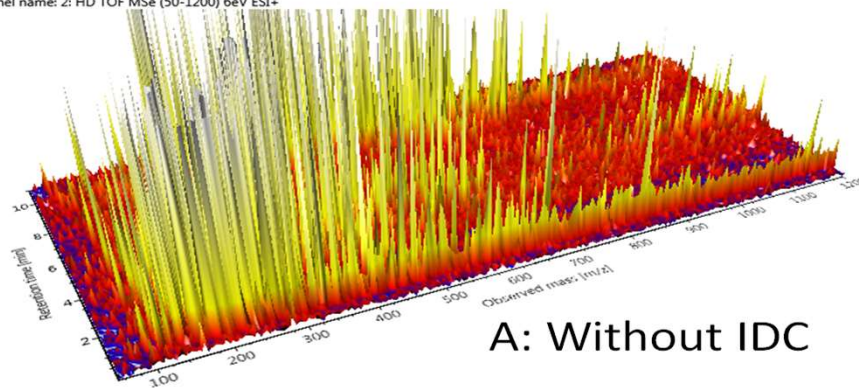


## Kynurenic acid



# Intelligent Data Capture Phase II

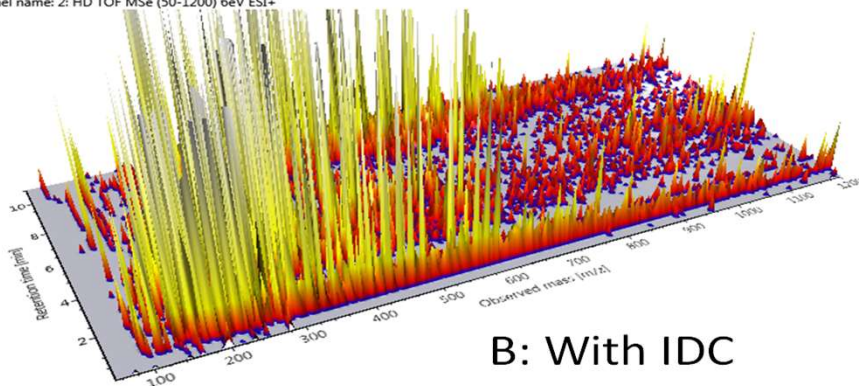
Item name: Sample 16  
Channel name: 2: HD TOF MSe (50-1200) 6eV ESI+



A: Without IDC

**Up to 90% File Size Reduction**

Item name: Sample 20  
Channel name: 2: HD TOF MSe (50-1200) 6eV ESI+



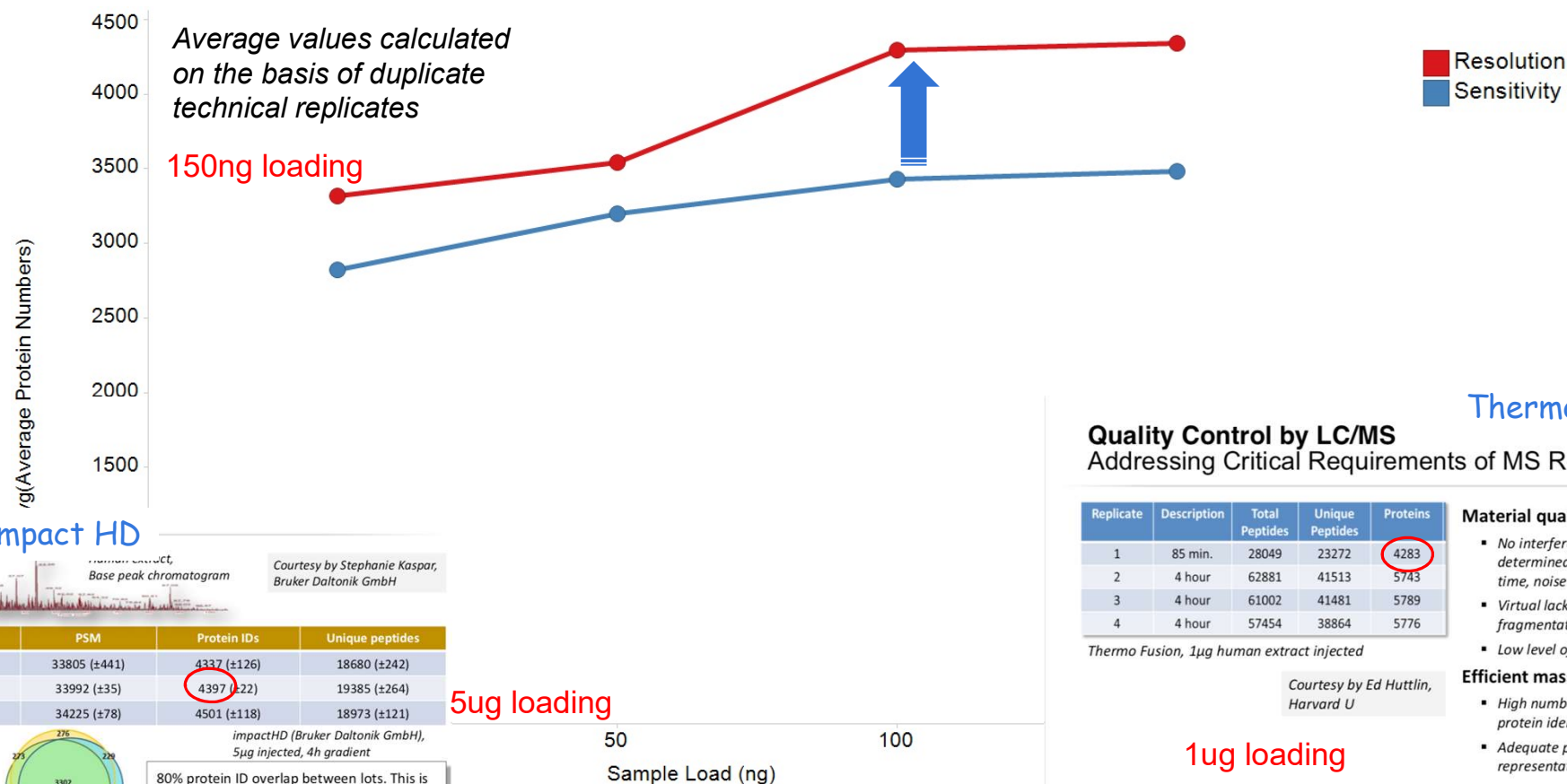
B: With IDC

## SYNAPT XS & Proteomics

# SYNAPT XS: Proteomics

K562 Protein Identifications (25, 50, 100 & 150ng loadings; sensitivity & resolution mode)

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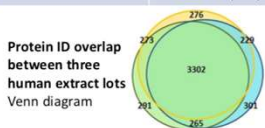


## Bruker Impact HD



Courtesy by Stephanie Kaspar, Bruker Daltonik GmbH

Human extract lot	PSM	Protein IDs	Unique peptides
Lot A	33805 (±441)	4337 (±126)	18680 (±242)
Lot B	33992 (±35)	4397 (±22)	19385 (±264)
Lot C	34225 (±78)	4501 (±118)	18973 (±121)



80% protein ID overlap between lots. This is comparable to the protein overlaps between technical runs.

5ug loading

50 100  
Sample Load (ng)

## Quality Control by LC/MS

Addressing Critical Requirements of MS Ref. Material

Replicate	Description	Total Peptides	Unique Peptides	Proteins
1	85 min.	28049	23272	4283
2	4 hour	62881	41513	5743
3	4 hour	61002	41481	5789
4	4 hour	57454	38864	5776

Thermo Fusion, 1µg human extract injected

Courtesy by Ed Huttlin, Harvard U

### Material quality

- No interference with LC/MS as determined by peptide retention time, noise and signal intensity
- Virtual lack of protein fragmentation
- Low level of non-biological PTMs

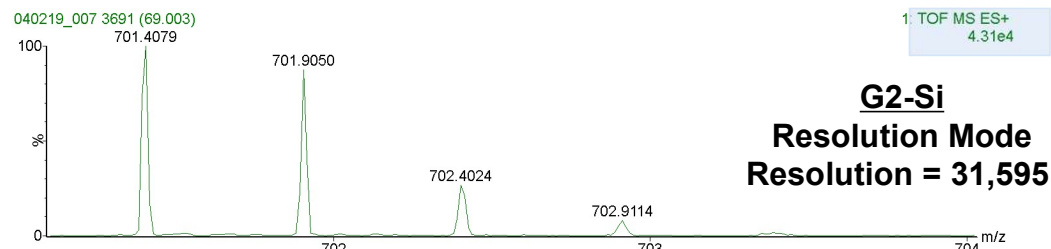
### Efficient mass spec analysis

- High number of peptide and protein identifications
- Adequate proteome representation

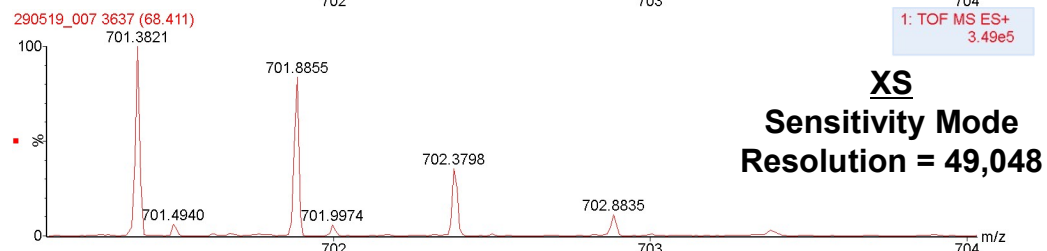
1ug loading

Deeper proteome coverage can be achieved with a topline instrument and longer run.

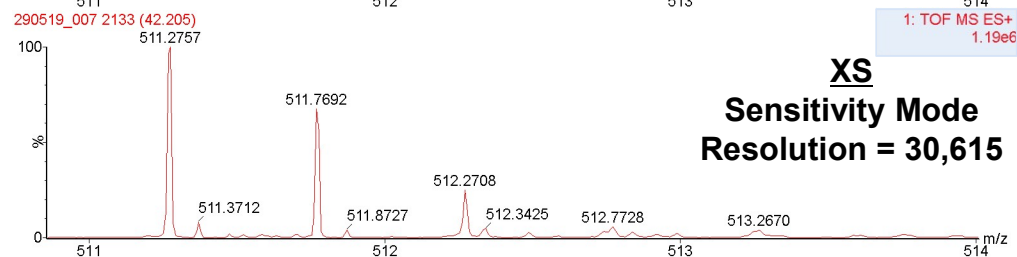
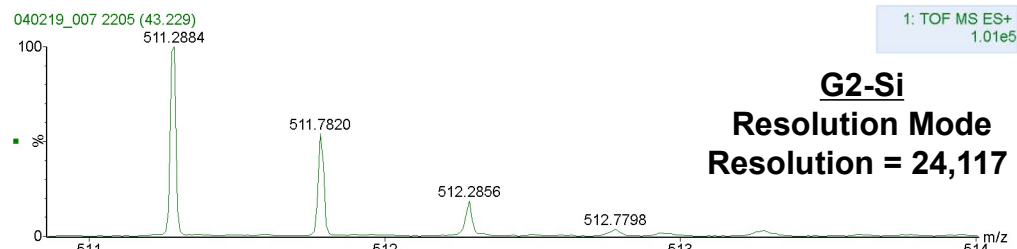
## Example of increased sensitivity (100ng Ecoli)



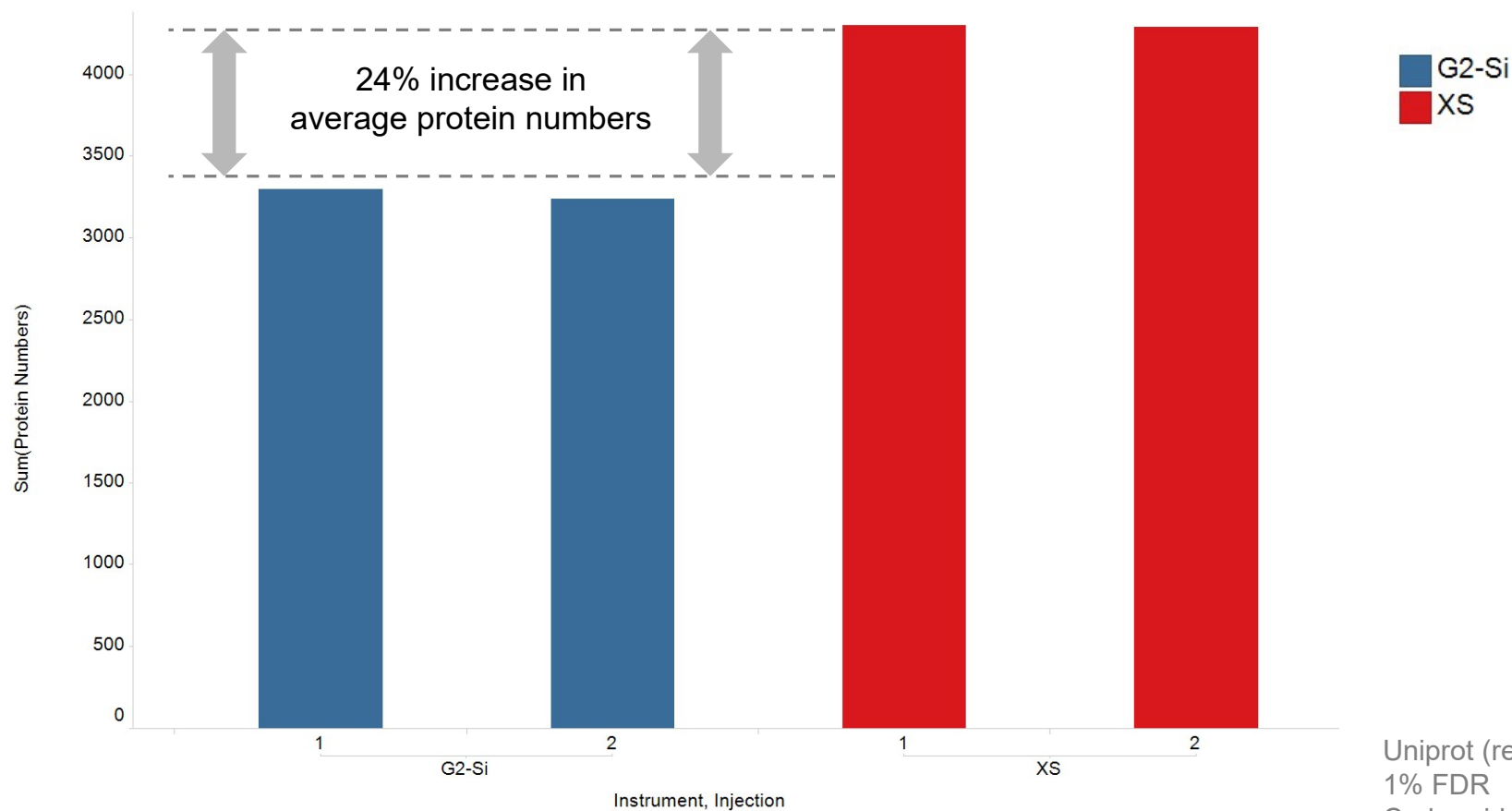
8x increased sensitivity



12x increased sensitivity

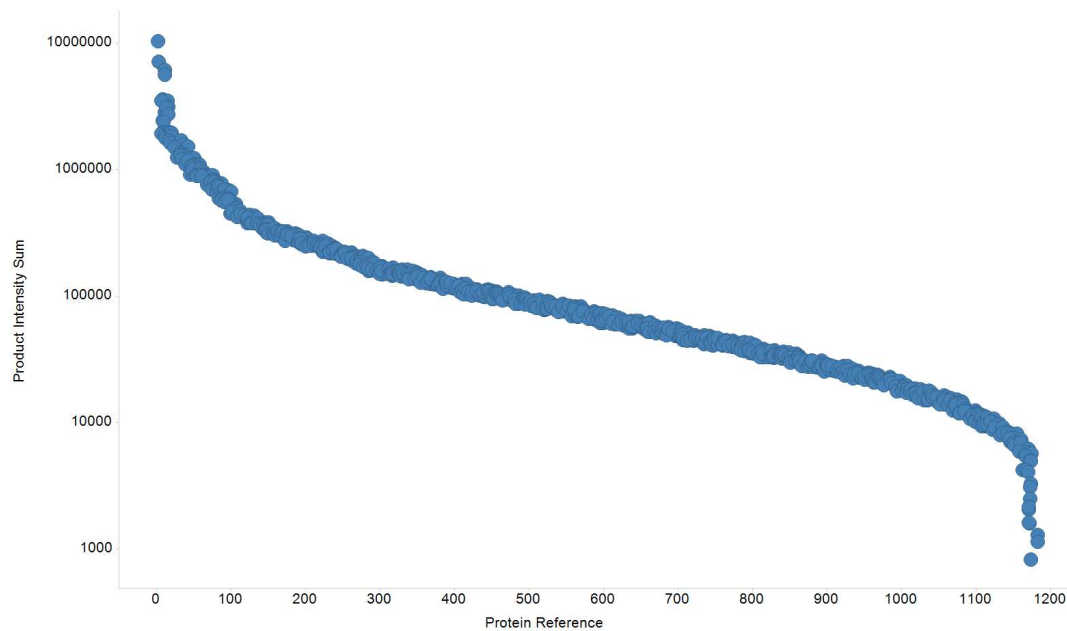


## Protein Identifications – 100ng K562; *Resolution Mode* (G2-Si vs. XS; duplicate injections)

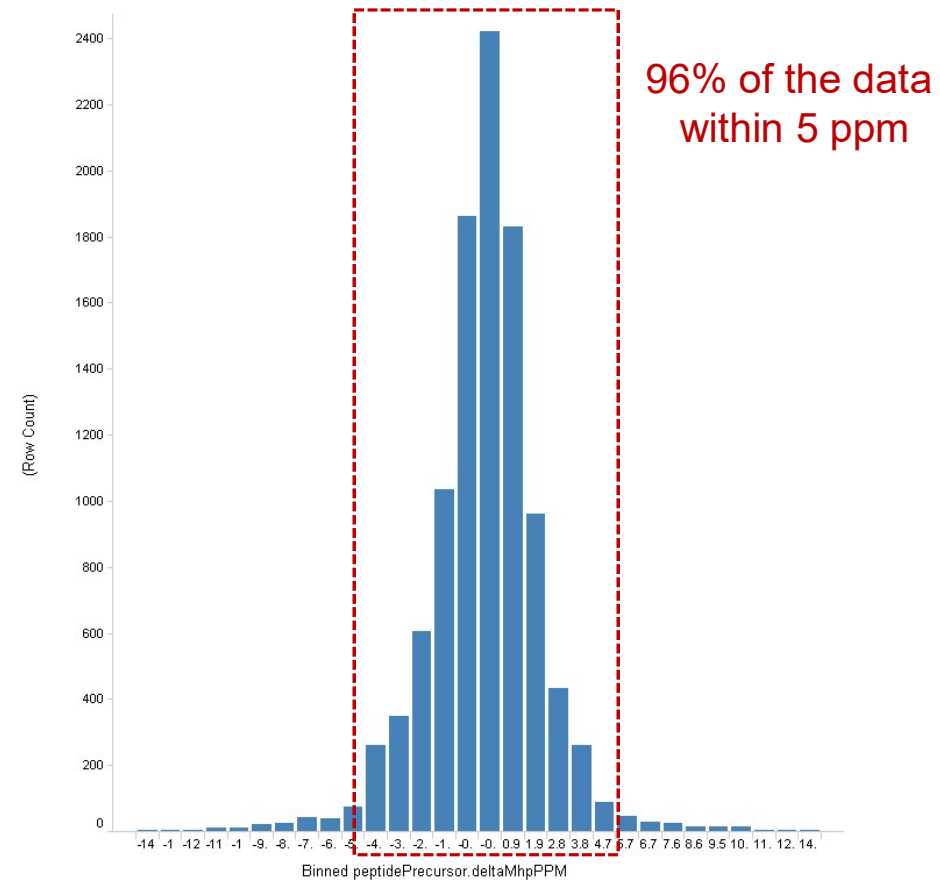


Uniprot (reviewed human entries)  
1% FDR  
Carbamidomethyl (C) – Fixed modification  
Oxidation (M) – Variable modification

# Proteome Dynamic Range & Mass Accuracy (*E.coli*, sensitivity mode)



4-orders of dynamic range



## *SONAR Enabled Proteomics*

**SONAR**™

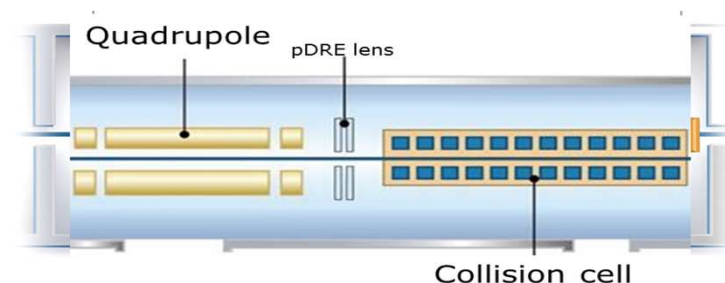




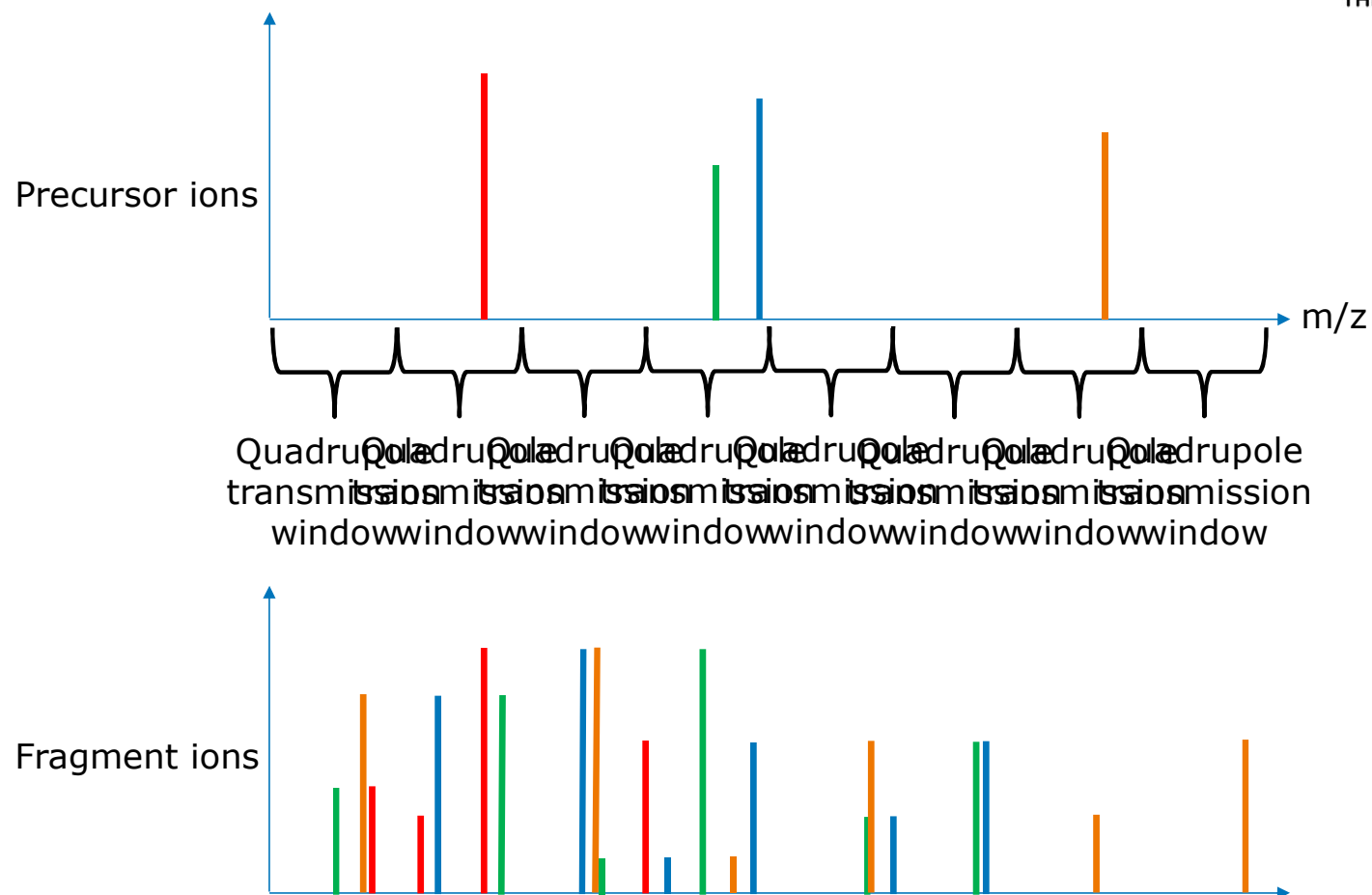
## SONAR™ - an alternative DIA method (introduced by Richardson et al. ASMS 2015)

The quadrupole is rapidly scanned across the  $m/z$  range of interest

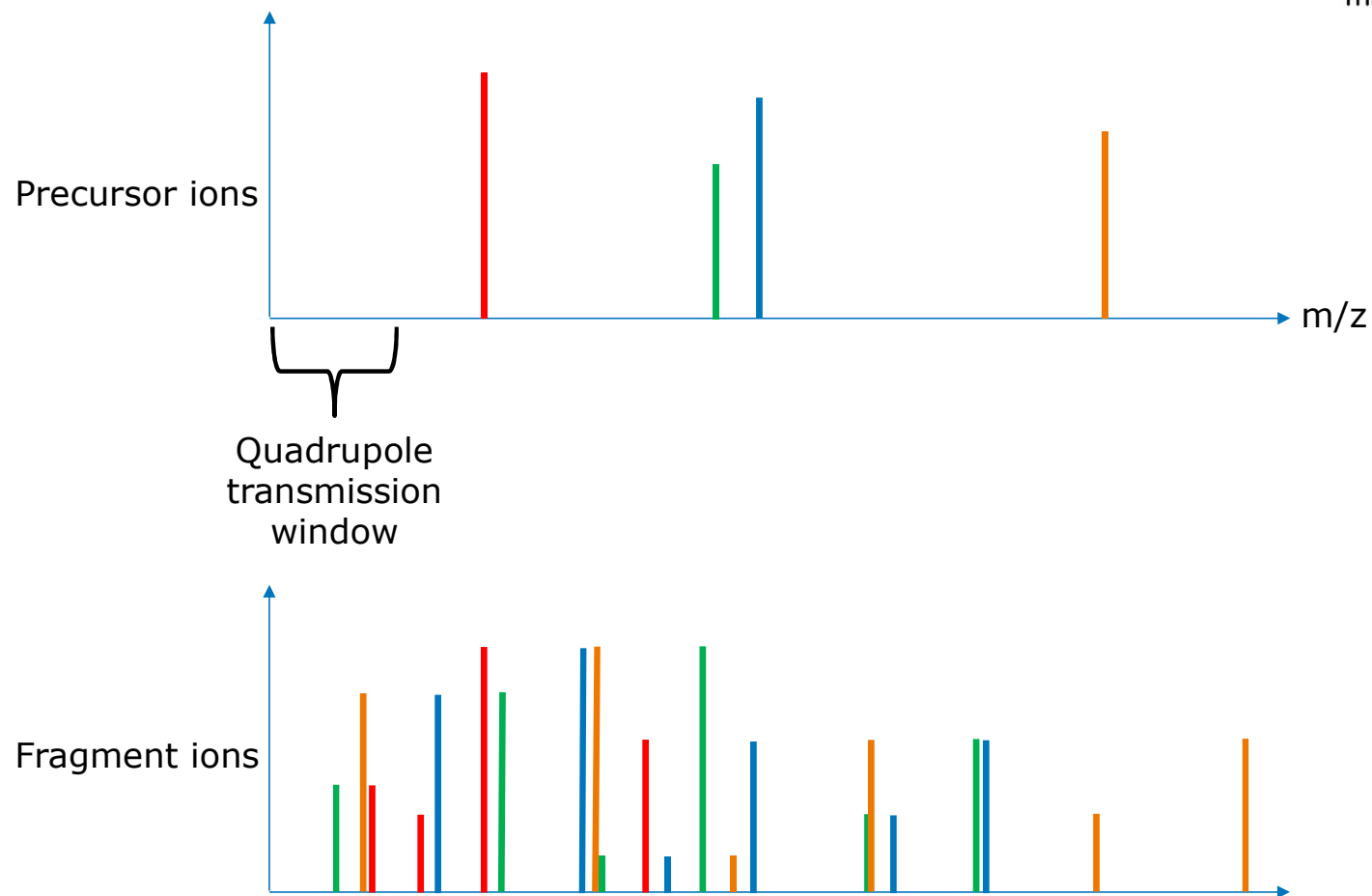
- typically quadrupole  $m/z$  window
  - Proteomics (28 Da)
  - Small molecules (5-10 Da)
- alternating scans of low energy and high energy
  - qualitative and quantitative data for all precursors and all products
- rapid scanning electronics – repurposed from Ion Mobility Mass Spectrometers (SYNAPT)
  - samples 200 quadrupole positions per scan
  - typical scan times 0.1 to 0.5 sec (each energy level)
  - quadrupole can scan at  $>10,000$  amu/sec;  $> 2000$  spectra/second
- **compatible with high speed chromatographic and electrophoretic separations**



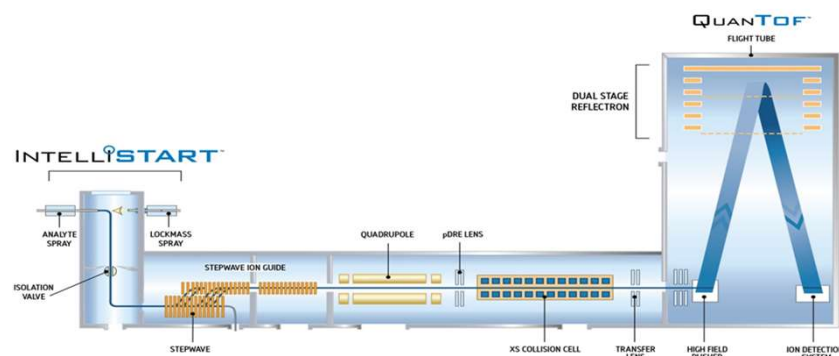
# SWATH



# SONAR

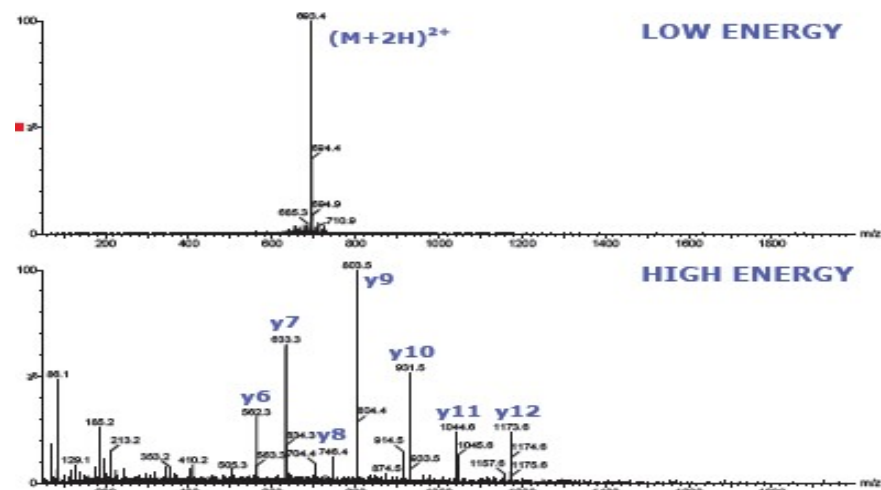
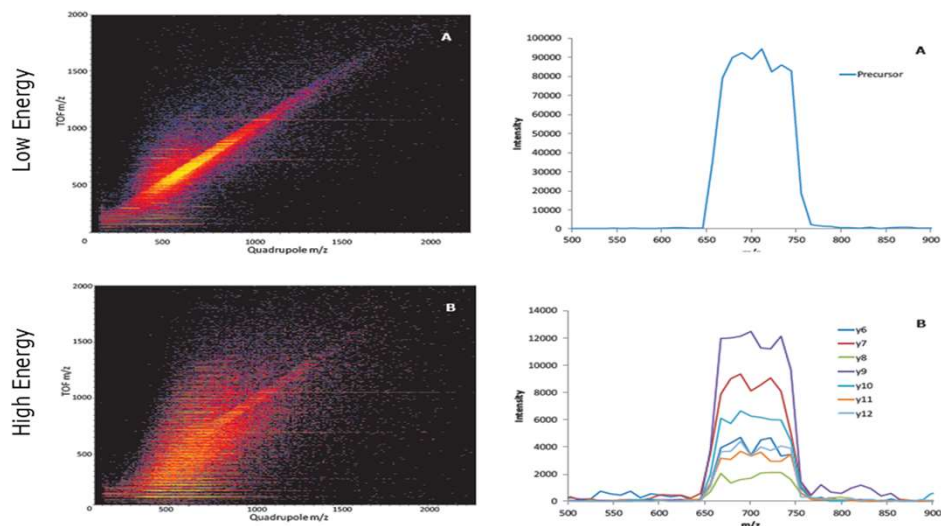
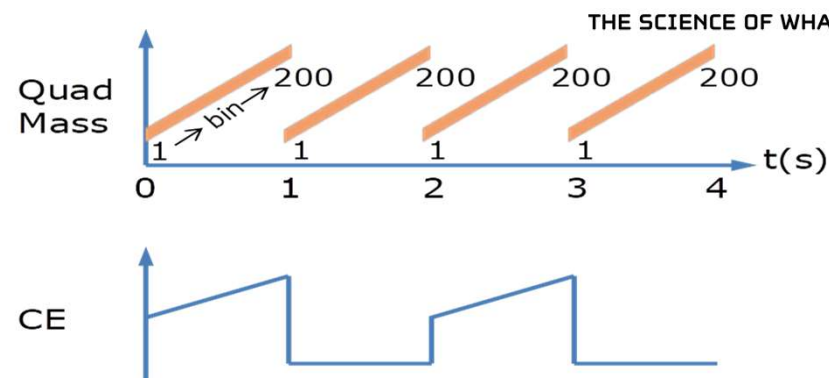


# SONAR™ workflow/principle

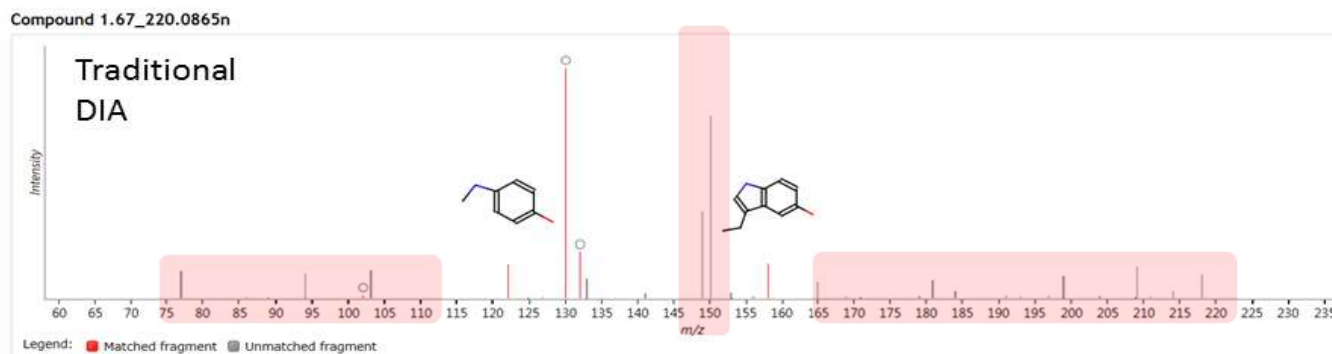


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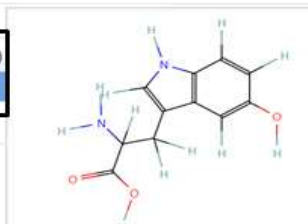


# SONAR Deliver Improved MS/MS Spectra

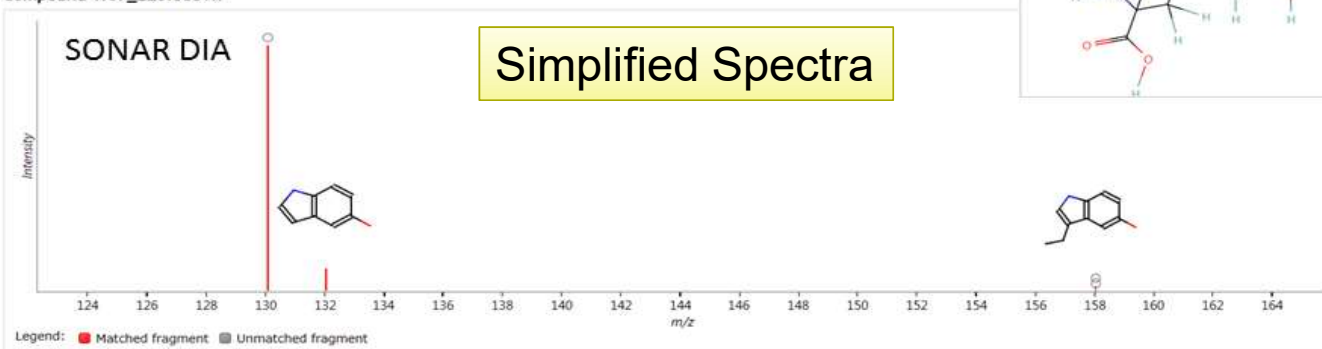


## Possible identifications: 1

Compound ID	Description	Adducts	Formula	Fragmentation score	Score	Mass error (ppm)
★ HMDB00472	5-Hydroxy-L-tryptophan	M+H-H <sub>2</sub> O, M+H	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	16.5	40.4	7.94



## Compound 1.67\_220.0859n



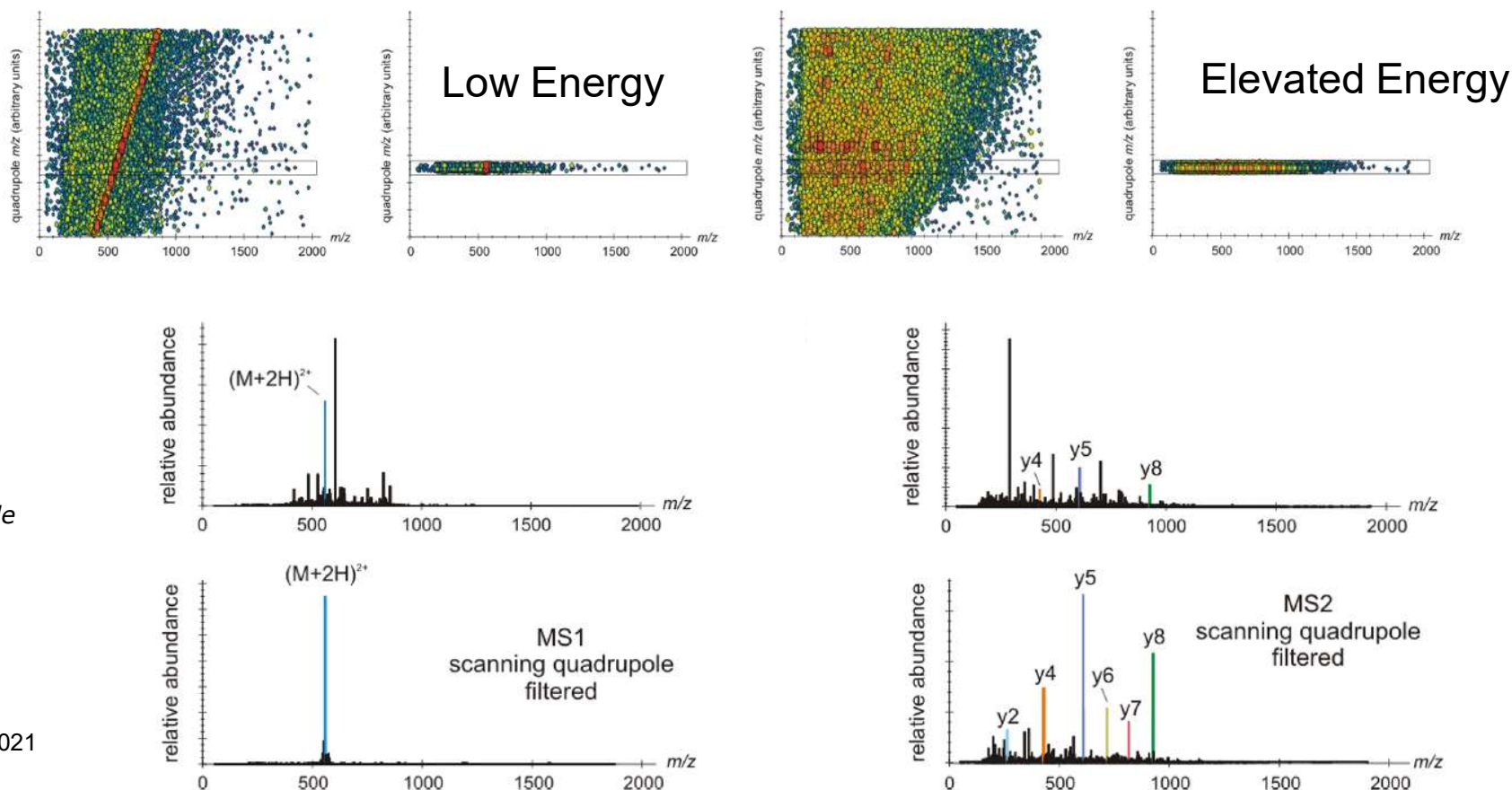
## Possible identifications: 1

Compound ID	Description	Adducts	Formula	Fragmentation score	Score	Mass error (ppm)
★ HMDB00472	5-Hydroxy-L-tryptophan	M+H-H <sub>2</sub> O, M+H	C <sub>11</sub> H <sub>12</sub> N <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub>	90	55.6	4.95

Improved Spectral Score

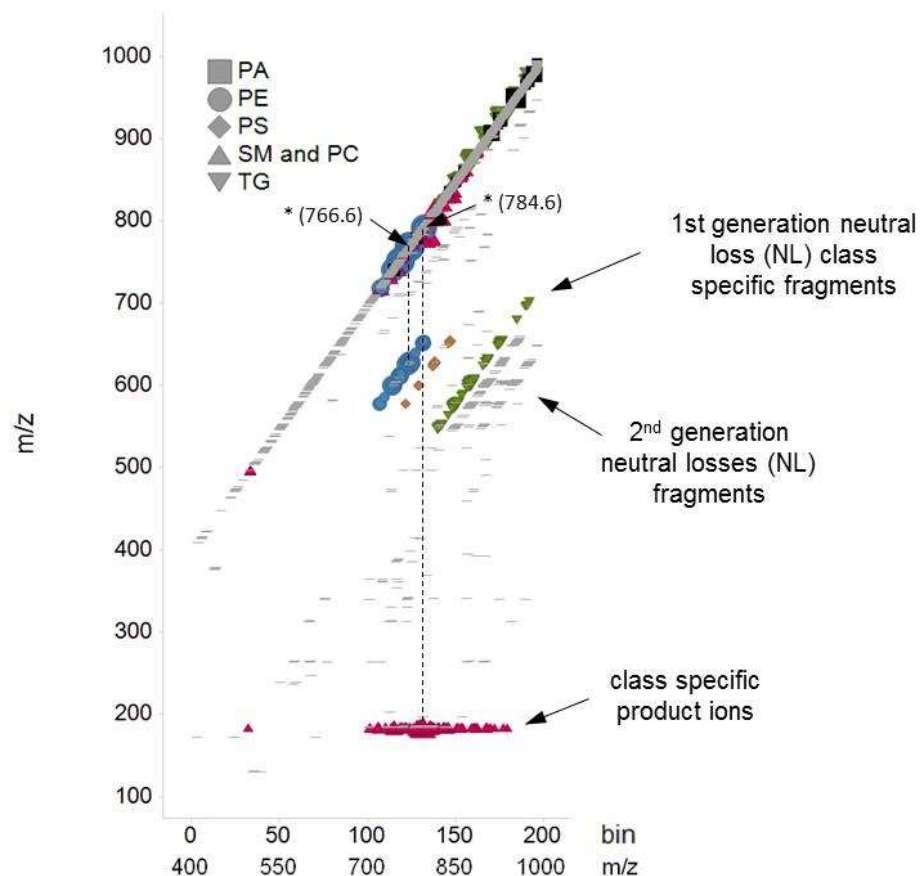
# Selectivity Enhancements with SONAR - Proteomics

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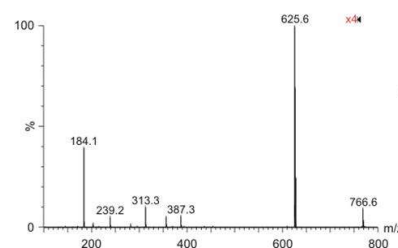
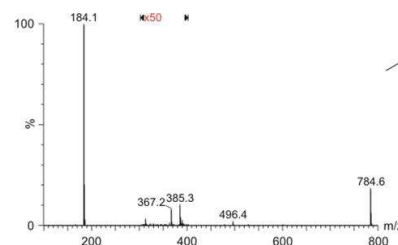


*Scanning Quadrupole  
Data-Independent  
Acquisition, Part A:  
Qualitative and  
Quantitative  
Characterization*  
MA Moseley et al,  
J Proteome Res.  
2017 Dec 29. doi: 10.1021

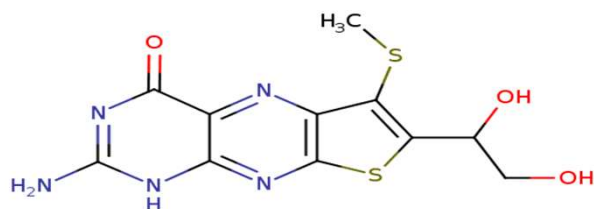
# Selectivity Enhancements with SONAR – Small Molecules



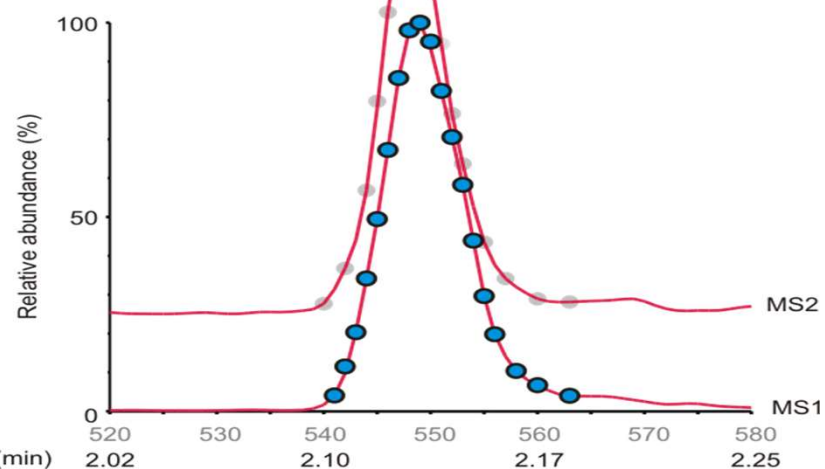
- searchable MS1 and MS2 data
- 'digital' precursor/product, neutral loss and product ion discovery maps



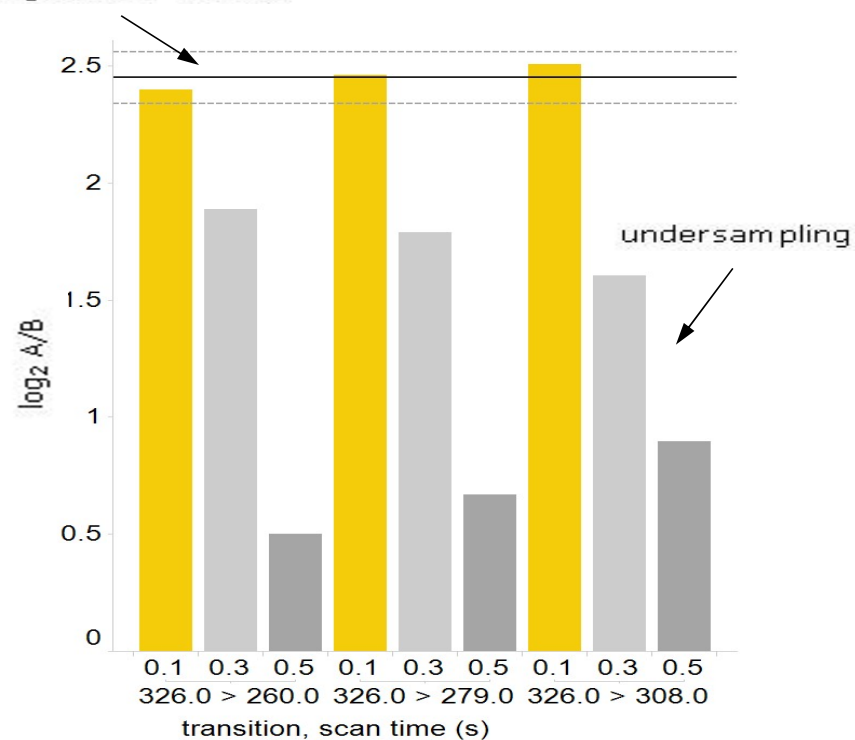
# Quantitative precision vs. acquisition speed



1.7 s  $W_{0.5}$   
0.1 s scan (integration)  
> 10 MS1 scans  
> 10 MS2 scans



average  $\pm$  2% st. dev.





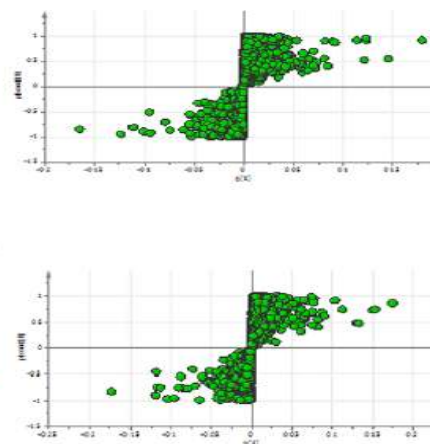
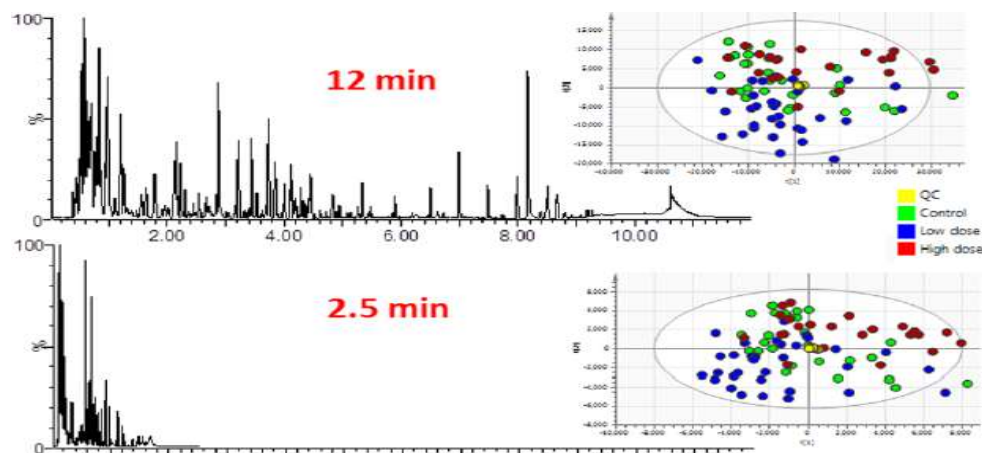
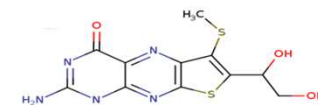
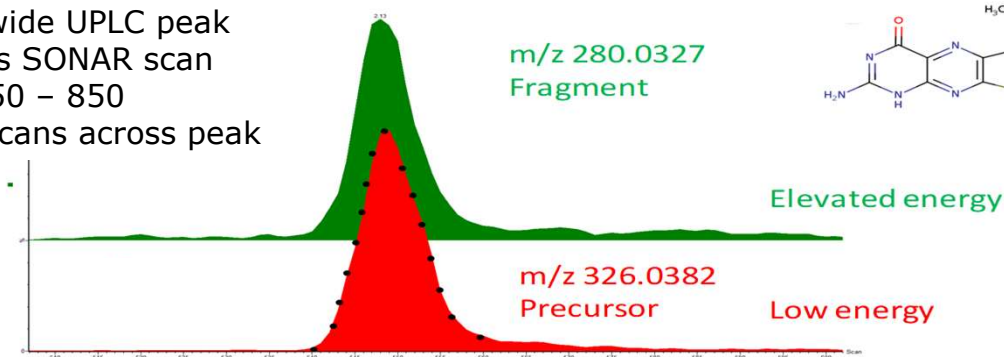
# SONAR SPEED For Discovery Lipidomics/Metabolomics

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## ■ RAMMP

- Rapid UPLC separation
- Speed/high throughput
- Quantitative precision accuracy
- Large cohort analysis

1.7 s wide UPLC peak  
100 ms SONAR scan  
 $m/z$  450 – 850  
> 20 scans across peak



# Comparative Results of SONAR and HDMS<sup>E</sup>

	HDMS <sup>E</sup>	MS <sup>E</sup>	SONAR
Mass Range m/z	50-1000	50-1200	50-1200
Gradient length min	7	7	7
Loading per inj µL	3 (1:4)	3 (1:20)	3(1:4)
QI features	2890	3435	1184
Total identified features HMDB 3.0 5/10 ppm	1006	592	1097
Frag score Ellagic acid	53.2 -2.57ppm	38.1 -3.85ppm	92.8 -1.85ppm
Frag score chlorogenic acid	98.1 -1.79ppm	52.8 -2.25ppm	98.1 -0.04ppm
Frag score quercetin	84.1 -1.30ppm	20.7 -1.10ppm	92.1 -0.32ppm

## [APPLICATION NOTE]

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### A Non-Targeted Metabolomic Study of Pomegranate Juice to Investigate the Nutritional and Quality Characteristics Using Novel SONAR DIA Acquisition and Vion Ion Mobility QToF MS

Sara Stead and Joanne Connolly  
Waters Corporation, Wilmislow, UK

#### APPLICATION BENEFITS

Benefits of SONAR for the application of fruit juice metabolomic profiling for quality control and authenticity purposes include:

- Cleaner product ion spectra compared to other DIA methods
- High spectra/second scan rate compatible with HRMS
- Increased confidence in identification through selectivity
- Cataloging of a complex food sample within a single experiment
- Unbiased data acquisition within a targeted mass range

#### WATERS SOLUTIONS

[ACQUITY™ UPLC™ I-Class System](#)  
[Xevo™ G2-XS QToF](#)  
[Vion™ IMS QToF Mass Spectrometer](#)  
[Progenesis™ QI Software](#)  
[SONAR™ Data Independent Acquisition Mode](#)

#### KEYWORDS

Metabolomics, foodomics, food profiling, food authenticity, SONAR, MS/MS data acquisition

#### INTRODUCTION

Comprehensive identification of phytoactive compounds is a critical starting point for assessing the biological and technological properties in food matrices. Due to the complexity of plant secondary metabolism the full characterization of phytochemicals in fruits and vegetables is recognized as a significant analytical challenge and requires sensitive and accurate techniques to be employed. Pomegranate fruit (*Punica granatum* L.) is commonly reported as a rich dietary source of phenolic compounds with regular consumption being linked to a wide range of associated health benefits. Phenolic compounds are also known to play an important role in the quality and sensorial performance of fruit juice products and as such of value to the food industry.<sup>1</sup>

In this application note, we report the potential of a new data independent acquisition (DIA) mode (SONAR) on a QToF instrument in combination with a scanning quadrupole mass filter and ultra-fast detection system.<sup>2,3</sup> This methodology along with Vion ion mobility enabled QToF-MS (IM-QToF-MS) were used as tools to improve analytical selectivity and facilitate the process of marker identification in complex juice samples following a simple sample preparation step, as illustrated in Figure 1. The resulting information was further subjected to database searching which indicates the presence of several significant polyphenolic compounds and processing additives in a selection of commercially available processed juice products in the UK.

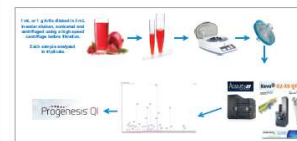
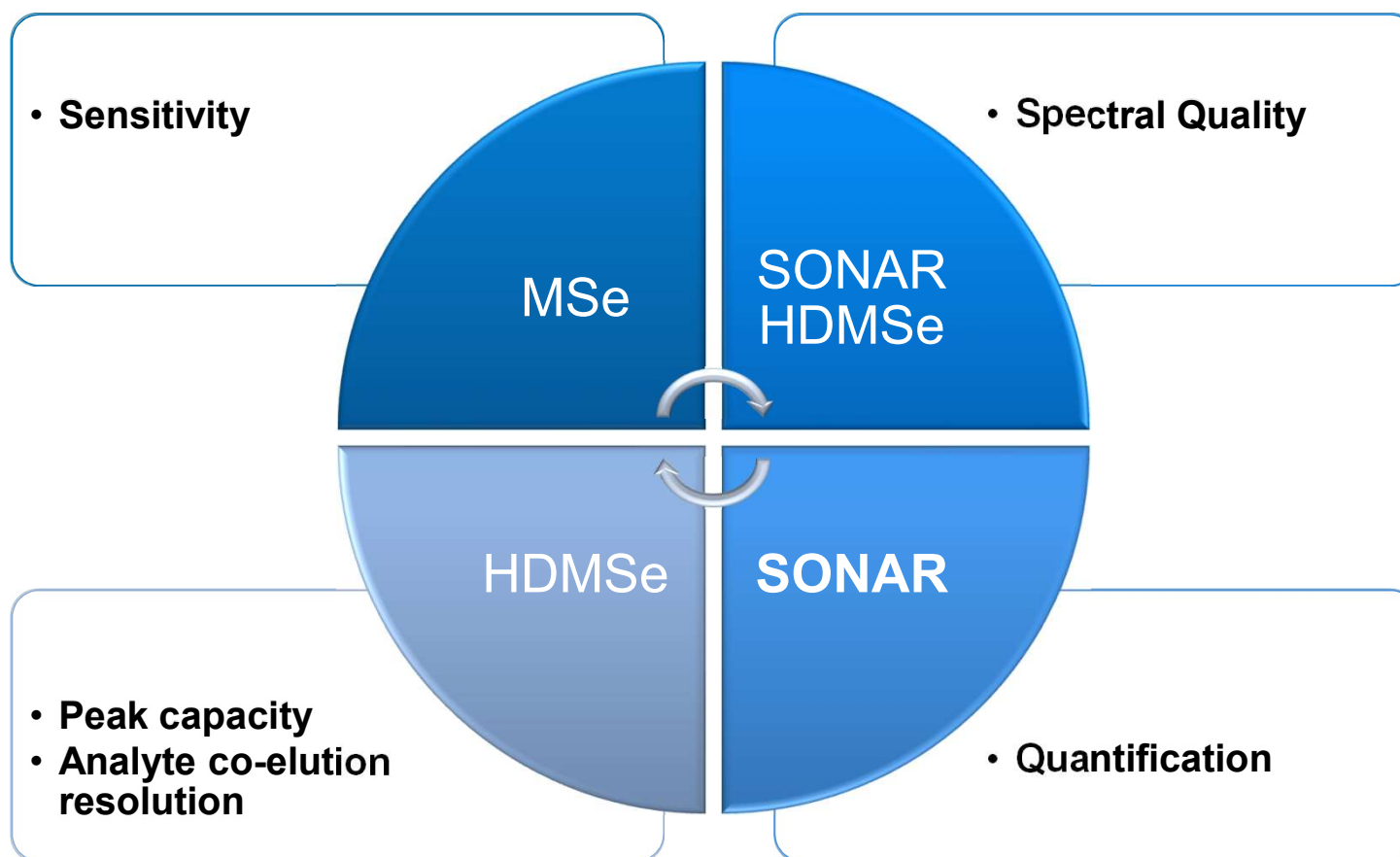


Figure 1. Overall workflow schematic.

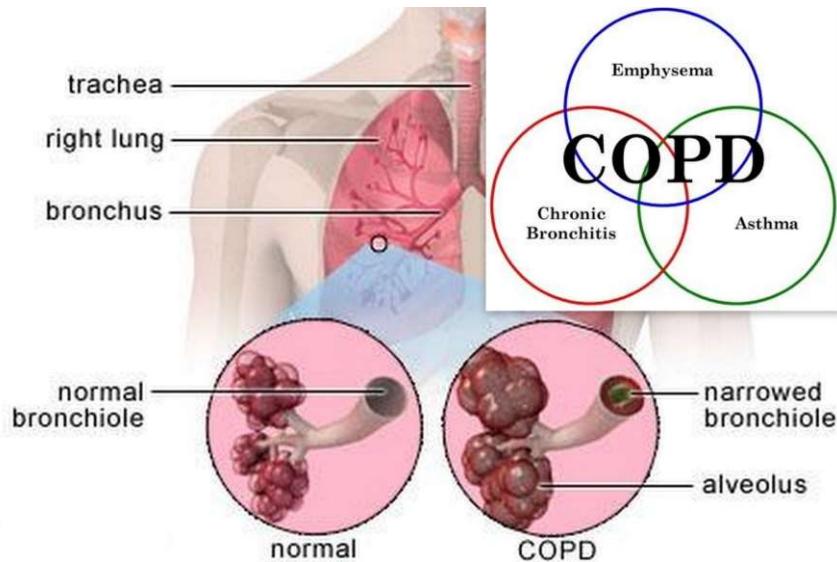
## MS<sup>e</sup> – SONAR - HDMS<sup>e</sup>



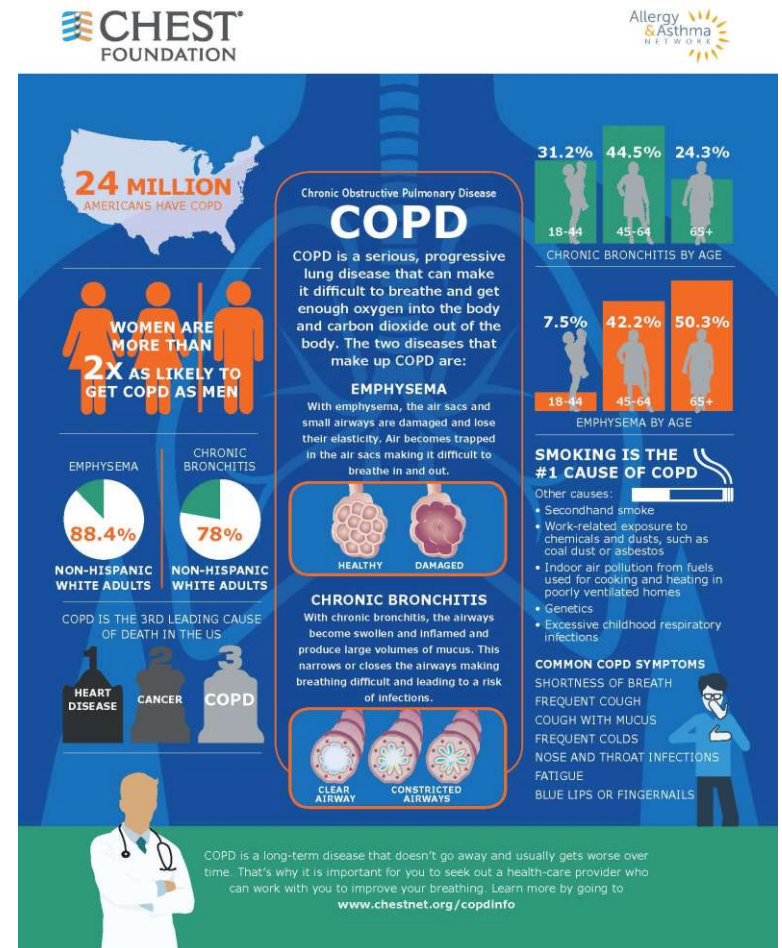
# COPD and Asthma Case Study

## *Multi-Omic, single platform strategy*

- COPD is 3<sup>rd</sup> leading cause of death in US
- Qualitative/Quantitative analysis of the proteome and lipidome



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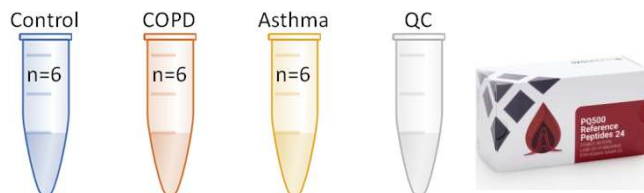
# SONAR Proteomic Workflow with Spectronaut & Spectral library building

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RAW Data

Samples + Biognosys  
iRT peptides or PQ500  
Ref Peptides



Differential Analysis  
Sequence db &  
Spectral Library Search

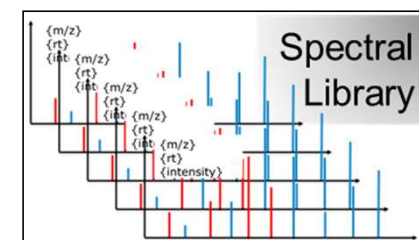
Progenesis® QI  
for proteomics

Search Results & Spectral  
Library output .mzIdentML

Spectronaut™ Pulsar X



HRM-MS™ & Spectral  
Library Searching



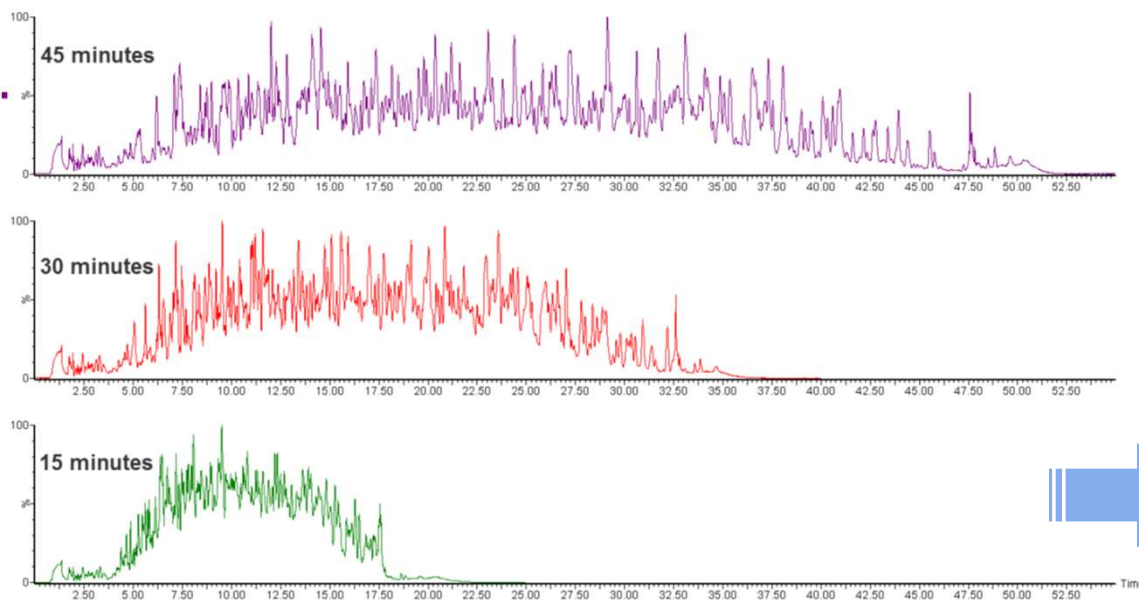
BIOGNOSYS  
NEXT GENERATION PROTEOMICS



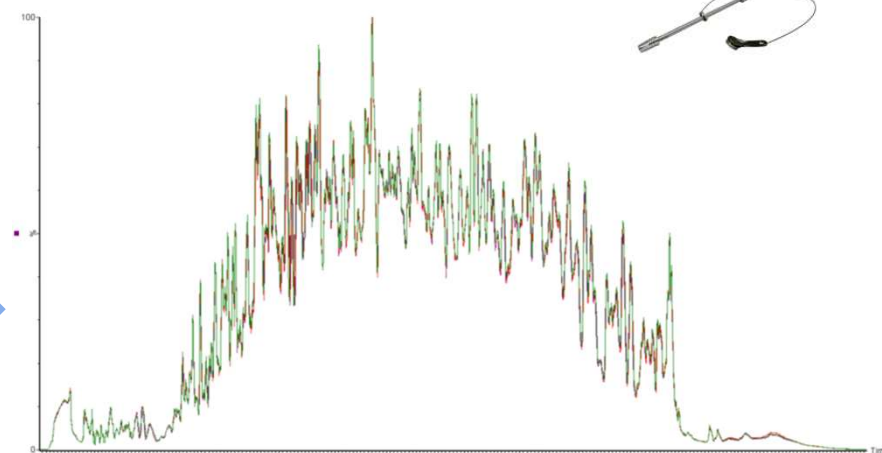
## High throughput – 1mm chromatography

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Acquity  
UPLC®



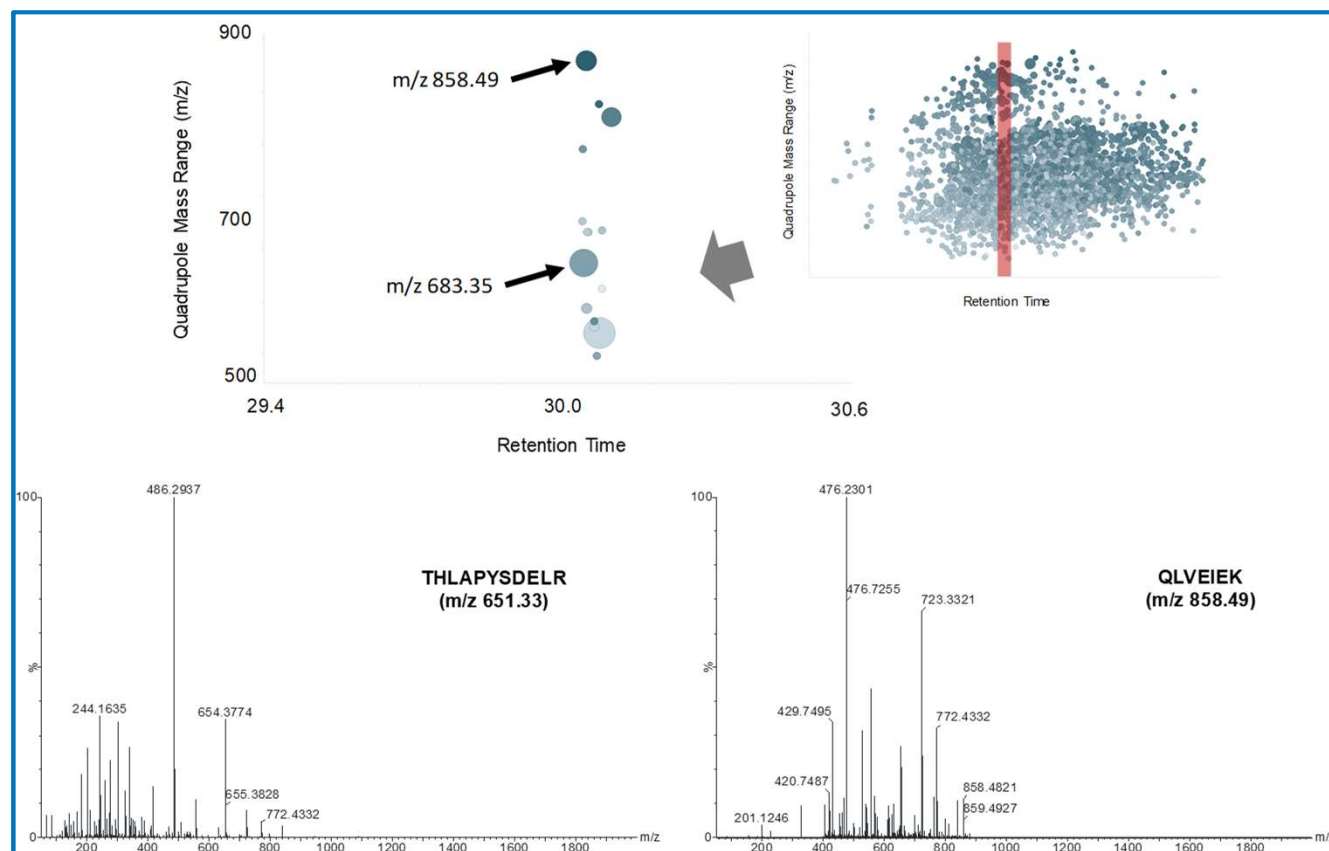
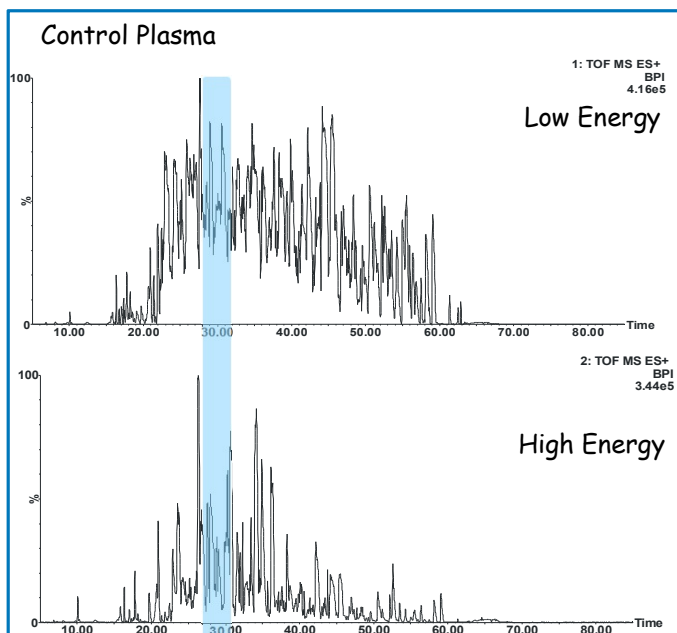
*3x increase in throughput*



*Highly reproducible 15 min gradient  
(3 technical replicates overlaid)*

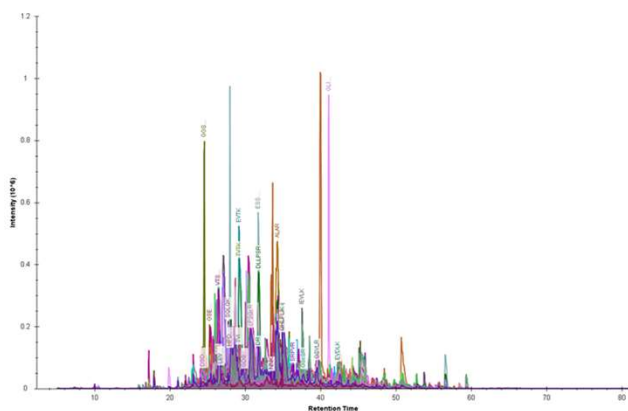
# SONAR Delivers Increased Specificity For Co-eluting Peptides

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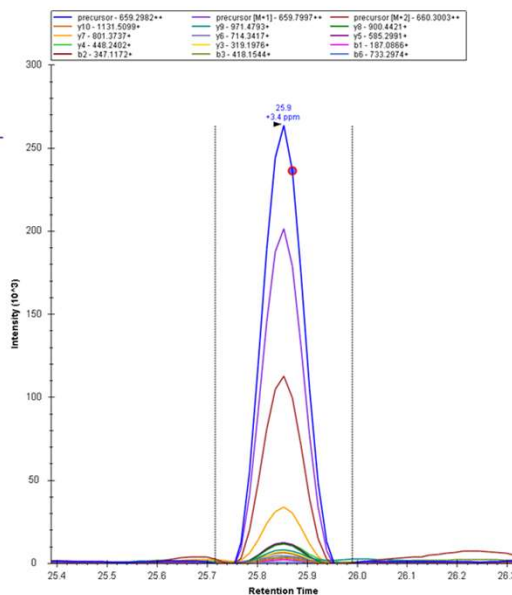


# High Quantitative Accuracy Combined With High Specificity

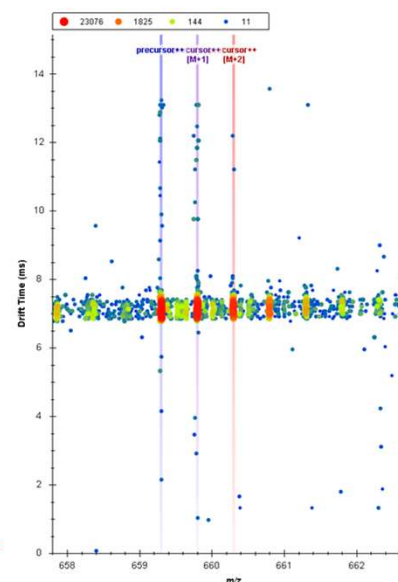
>10 points across  
the chromatographic  
peak



Multiple transitions – peptide  
(WCAVSEHEATK)



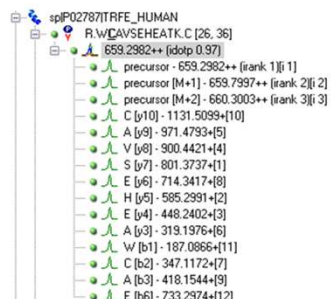
Improved SONAR specificity



SONAR provides both  
high specificity  
and high quantitative  
accuracy for the  
most complex of  
samples

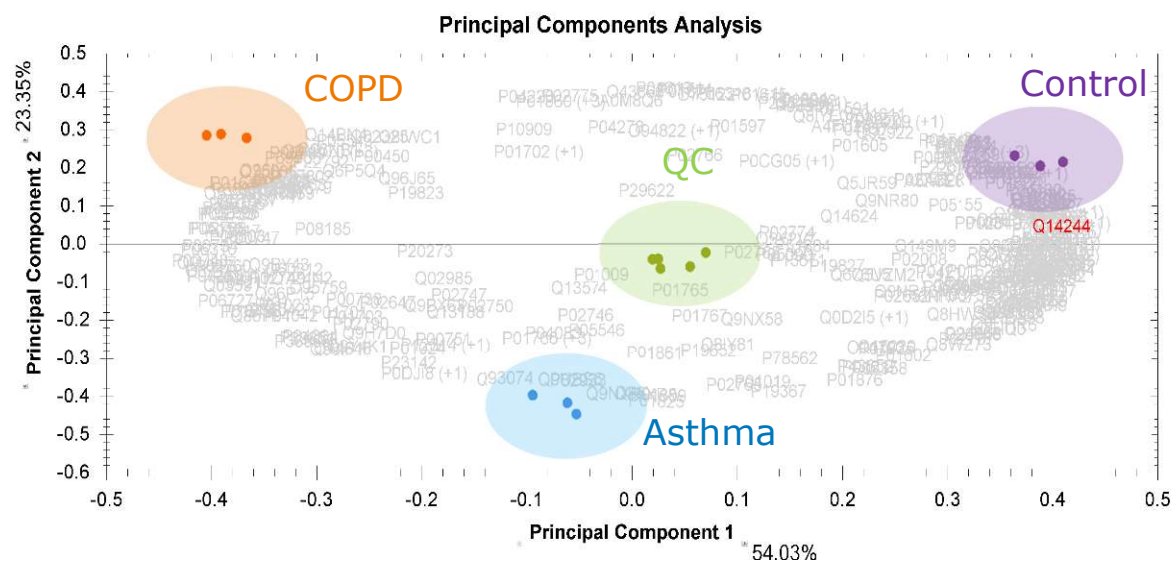


Serotransferrin  
Retention Time = 25.9 mins



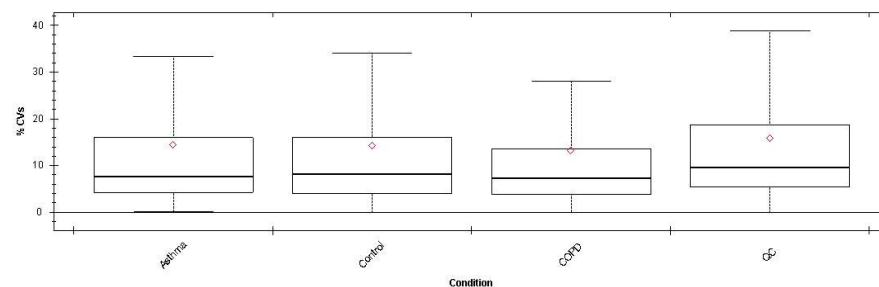
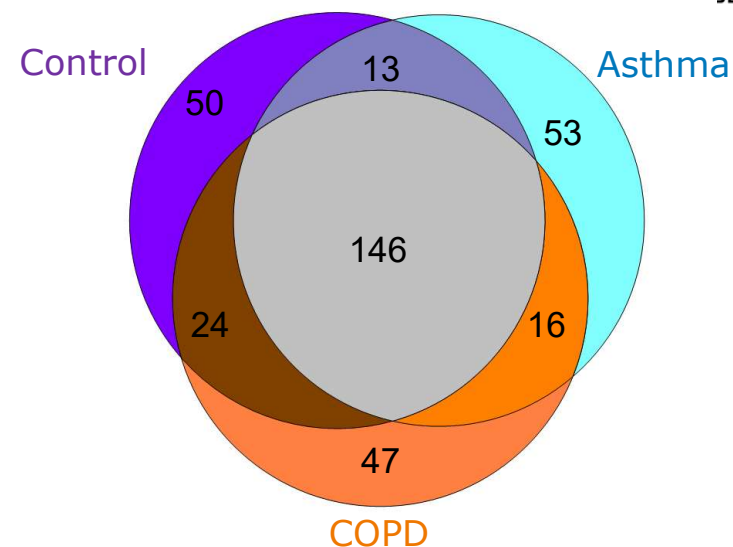


# Statistical Analysis/Qualitative Assessment ...15 min gradient proteomics



*Unsupervised PCA*

## Protein Identifications




%CV's <10% over all conditions

# What Next!!

## Libraries and Predictive MS

# Predicting CCS From Structure

 **Analytica Chimica Acta**  
Volume 924, 14 June 2016, Pages 68-76


**Collision cross section prediction of deprotonated phenolics in a travelling-wave ion mobility spectrometer using molecular descriptors and chemometrics**

Gerard Bryan Gonzales <sup>a, b, d</sup>, Guy Smagghe <sup>b</sup>, Sofie Coelus <sup>a</sup>, Dieter Adriaenssens <sup>a</sup>, Karel De Winter <sup>c</sup>, Tom Desmet <sup>c</sup>, Katleen Raes <sup>d</sup>, John Van Camp <sup>a</sup>

**BMC Bioinformatics**. 2010; 11: 182. PMID: 20380  
Published online 2010 Apr 11. doi: [10.1186/1471-2105-11-182](https://doi.org/10.1186/1471-2105-11-182) PMCID: PMC2874

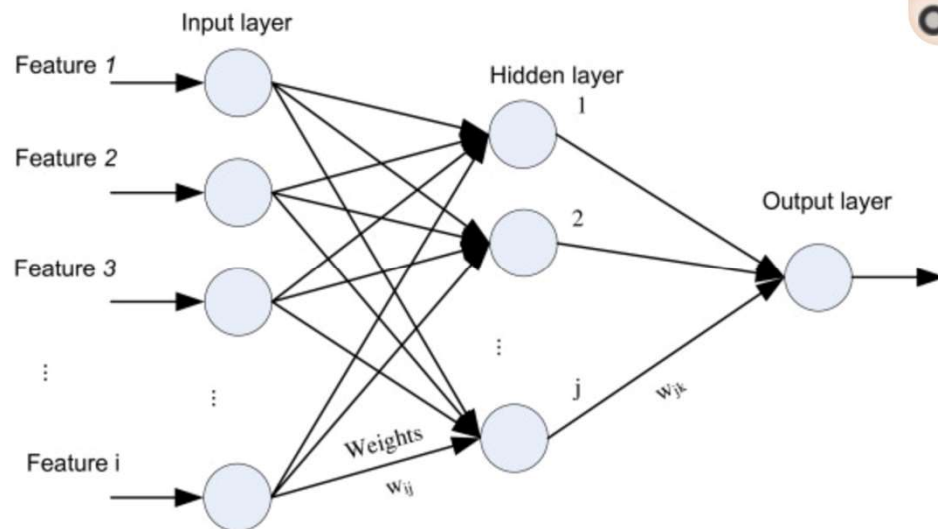
**Artificial neural networks for the prediction of peptide drift time in ion mobility mass spectrometry**

Bing Wang<sup>1,2</sup>, Steve Valentine<sup>3</sup>, Manolo Plasencia<sup>3</sup>, Sriram Raghuraman<sup>4</sup> and Xiang Zhang<sup>2</sup>

 **Current Opinion in Chemical Biology**  
Volume 42, February 2018, Pages 34-41

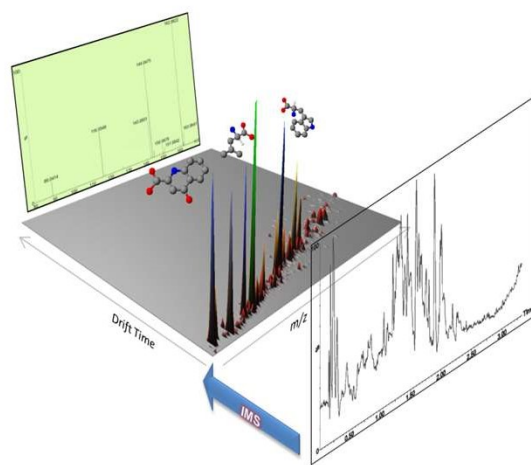
**Advancing the large-scale CCS database for metabolomics and lipidomics at the machine-learning era**

Zhiwei Zhou <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>, Jia Tu <sup>1, 2, 3</sup>, Zheng-Jiang Zhu <sup>1</sup>

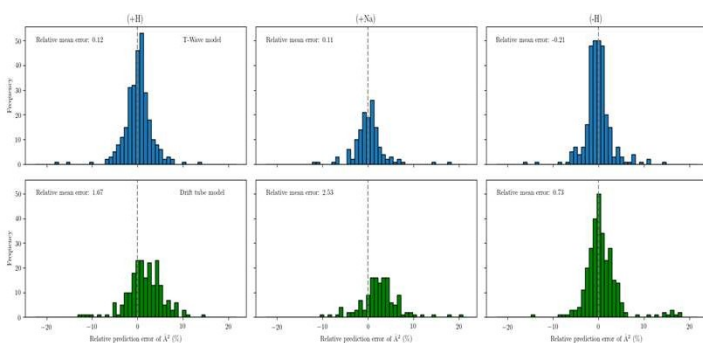
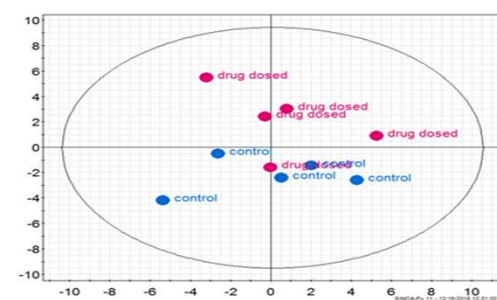
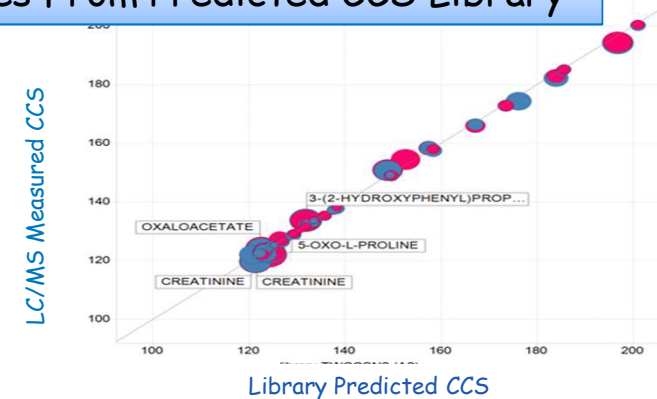
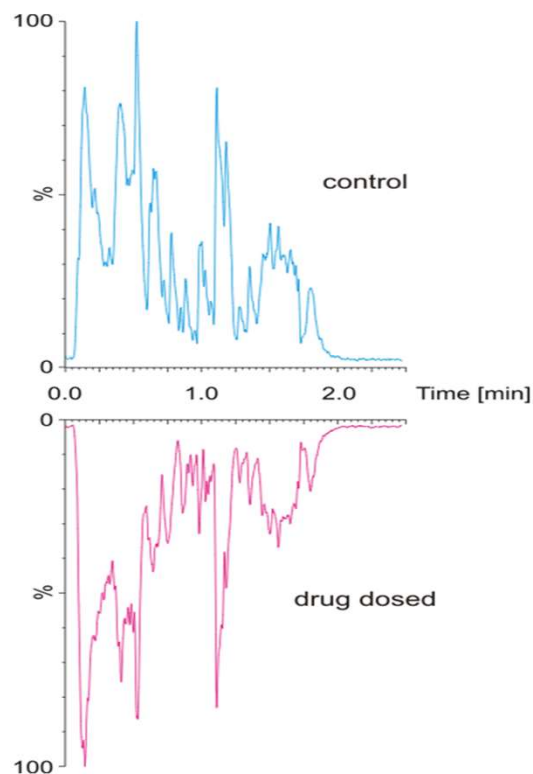


# Predictive CCS and Metabolomics

Title: A Comparison of Collision Cross Section Values Obtained via Travelling Wave Ion Mobility-Mass Spectrometry and Ultra High Performance Liquid Chromatography-Ion Mobility-Mass Spectrometry: Application to the Characterisation of Metabolites in Rat Urine



## Identification of Metabolites From Predicted CCS Library



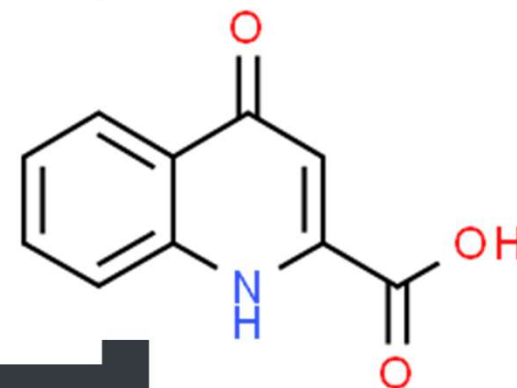
$^{TW}CCS_{N2}$  machine-learning prediction (blue)  
and MetCCS (Green)

# CCS Prediction Tool

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 **CCS on demand** [Home](#) [Prediction](#) [Links](#)

Choose Files No file chosen



**on demand** [Home](#) [Prediction](#) [Links](#)

Choose Files No file chosen

	+H	+Na	+K	+NH4	-H	+HCOOH-H	-CH3COO
1	134.5	145.6	139	135.1	132.7	131.9	143.2



# Summary

## Synapt XS Features

- Enhanced Resolution
- Approx 10X sensitivity
- Improved Labile Ion Transmission
- SONAR Enabled

## Omics Science

- Quantification
- High Throughput analysis
- Improved Peak detection
- CCS Measurement

## Outcome

- More competitive proteomics position
- Biomarker ID via CCS prediction

## The Biomedical Research Global Team

### Market Development Team



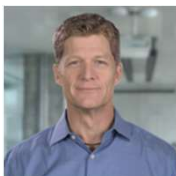
**Suraj Dhungana**

Manager  
Biomedical Research



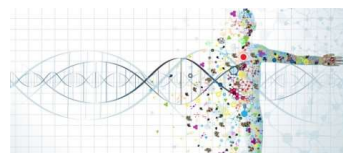
**David Heywood**

Senior Marketing Manager  
Discovery Omics



**Andrew Peck, Ph.D.**

Senior Marketing Manager  
Clinical Research



### Scientific Operations Team



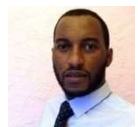
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**Giorgis Isaac, Ph.D.**

Principal Scientist  
Lipidomics



**Nyasha Munjoma, Ph.D.**

Senior Scientist  
Lipidomics



**Adam King, Ph.D.**

Senior Scientist  
High throughput Omics



**Billy Molloy**

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Targeted Omics



**Lisa Reid**

Senior Scientist  
MS Imaging



**Chris Hughes, Ph.D.**

Principal Scientist  
Proteomics



**Sarah Lennon, Ph.D.**

Senior Scientist  
Omics



**Nikunj Tanna, Ph.D.**

Senior Scientist  
Discovery Pharma



**Lauren Mullin**

Principal Scientist  
Discovery Pharma

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**Collaborators:** Murdoch University Profs, Jeremy Nicolson, Elaine Holmes, Robert Trengove. Imperial College Ian D. Wilson, Drs, Liz Want, Jake Pearce, King's College London Dr Norman Smith, Agios Dr Jose Castro-Perez, Manchester University Prof Claire Mills